

The Chelsea Standard

VOLUME 37. NO. 34.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1908.

WHOLE NUMBER 1906

WELL DRIVING And Pump Repairing.

I make a specialty of this line of work, and guarantee satisfaction.
Plumbing of all kinds done on short notice.
Windmills Erected.
N. F. PRUDDEN

Central Meat Market.

We Carry a Complete Stock of
Fresh and Salt Meats and all Kinds Sausage
We buy only the best, therefore our customers get the best.
Smoked Hams and Bacon, Pure Lard, Fish and Dressed Poultry
Courteous treatment, Free delivery. Phone 40.
ADAM EPPLER

SPRING OPENING, 1908,
April 1, 2 and 3.
KATHRYN HOOKER.
2nd Floor, Staffan Block.

CASH MEAT MARKET
Our leader is fine, fat, juicy roasts of beef—grain fed as silk and tender. Then there are our superb steaks, chops, poultry, pork and sausage. We choose nothing but prime stock for our patrons and send it home prepared appetizingly and ready to be put right in the oven.
Try our make of Summerwurst
Fresh Fish Fridays. Oysters in Season.
SPECIAL PRICE ON LARD in 25 and 50 pound cans. Give us a trial.
Phone 59
Free Delivery.
VAN RIPER & CHANDLER.

**Fall and Winter Showing
OF
Foreign and Domestic Woolens**

All Woolens of exceptional quality and style, all in suitable quantity to judge style and weave. No Sample Book or Cards.
300 Different Styles
Of Suitings, Trouserings, Fancy Vesting, Top Coats and Overcoats. Our assortment of odd trousers ranging from \$4.00 to \$6.00 is the largest ever shown in any city compared to ours. We are also showing a fine line of Woolens suitable for
Ladies' Tailor Made-to-Order Skirts.
For the next 30 days we shall endeavor to make such prices as to warrant steady employment for our large staff of workers, and to make our clothing manufacturing business the largest in this section of the country.
Yours for Good Clothing and Home Industry.
RAFTREY, The Tailor.

BUY ONLY THE
BEST FLOUR!
It costs no more than common flour.
MIKOTA—The Best Spring Wheat Flour.
DIADEM—The Best Winter Wheat Flour.
Made by F. W. Stock & Sons, Hillsdale, Mich. Every Sack Warranted. Sold in Chelsea only by
JOHN FARRELL, Pure Food Store.
Try it if you want the best results.

THE MONROE NURSERY,
MONROE, MICHIGAN.
Established 1847.
I. E. ILGENFRITZ' SONS COMPANY.
We offer one of the largest and most complete stocks of fruit and ornamental trees, plants, vines, etc., in the United States. Orders placed with our agents will receive our most careful attention.
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Chelsea Greenhouses.
Hothouse Vegetables at all times.
Choice Potted Plants, Ferns, etc.
Choice Carnations, Sweet Peas, etc., in Cut Flowers.
No need of going out of town for funeral designs, when you can have nice ones made at home for reasonable prices.
ELVIRA CLAK,
Phone 103-2-1, 1-a. (Florist)

THE CAUCUSES.

The Republicans and Democrats Both Held Caucuses Saturday.
There was a large number of republicans at the caucus Saturday afternoon, there being about 260 casting ballots. A. W. Wilkinson called John Kalmbach to the chair, and on motion A. E. Winans was made secretary, and R. D. Walker, Jacob Hummel and Geo. K. Chapman tellers. Wm. Bacon was made the unanimous choice of the caucus for supervisor. For clerk the names of Wirt S. McLaren and J. D. Watson were presented, Mr. McLaren winning out by a vote of 121 to 108. The names of C. E. Kantlehner and D. L. Rogers were presented as candidates for treasurer, the vote standing at 129 to 124 in favor of Mr. Kantlehner.

There were four candidates for highway commissioner, Fred Gilbert receiving 127, Samuel Guthrie 62, Adam Kalmbach 21, R. M. Hoppe 17.
For overseer of highways, the new office created by the new road law, Fred Sager received 97, John Keolan 31 and Howard Fisk 24.

James P. Wood was unanimously nominated as justice of the peace, as also was Geo. K. Chapman for school inspector and Geo. A. BeGole as member of board of review.

Frank Leach, Chas. Hepburn, B. C. Whitaker and Manfred Hoppe were named as constables.

The following were elected delegates to the county convention held at Ann Arbor today:

D. C. McLaren, A. W. Wilkinson, Samuel Guthrie, Charles E. Foster, Jacob Hummel, Ralph Freeman, Warren Guerin, U. D. Streeter, Max Pierce, O. T. Hoover, John Miller, William Bacon, H. W. Schmidt, George Chapman, Wesley Canfield, Martin Merkel, Roland B. Waltrous, Homer Boyd, E. L. Negus, John Kalmbach, Hiram Lighthall.

The chairman appointed A. W. Wilkinson, R. E. Waltrous and L. P. Vogel as the township committee, after which the convention adjourned.

AT THE DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

G. P. Staffan was appointed chairman, J. P. Foster, secretary, James Taylor and Wm. Caspary, tellers. There were no contests, the entire ticket being nominated by the secretary casting the ballot for each office. The ticket: Supervisor, Geo. W. Beckwith; clerk, C. W. Maroney; treasurer, H. D. Witherell; highway commissioner, Patrick Smith; overseer of highways, John Geddes; justice of the peace, Frank Brooks; school inspector, Joseph L. Sibley; member of board of review, James Taylor; constables, Harry Savage, John Merker, Daniel Shell and Charles Young.

G. W. Beckwith, Chas. Fish and J. L. Sibley were appointed township committee.

LIMA NOMINATIONS.

The republicans of Lima have placed the following ticket in the field:

For supervisor, Alvin Baldwin; clerk, John Finkbeiner; highway commissioner, John Steinbach; overseer of highways, Manson Burkhardt; treasurer, William Bahnmiller; justice of the peace, John Edwards; justice (fill vacancy) Samuel Smith; member board of review, Alvin J. Easton; school inspector, Wm. G. Luick.

The democratic ticket is made up as follows:

For supervisor, F. C. Haist; clerk, Alfred Clark; highway commissioner, John Laecht; overseer of highways, M. Jcheldinger; treasurer, Emanuel Eisenman; justice of the peace, Albert Koch; justice (fill vacancy) Geo. F. Gross; member board of review, Wm. Beach; school inspector, E. B. Freer.

GUN EXPLODED.

And Three Dexter Boys Sustained More or Less Injury.

A most distressing and unfortunate accident occurred Sunday afternoon in Dancer's woods, about one mile from Dexter. Three boys named Shubel Moore, James Quinn and Ellis Knope, aged respectively 15, 16 and 17 years, went hunting in the woods. Young Quinn was in the act of shooting at a hawk when the gun exploded and shot young Quinn in the hand, shattering it so badly that he was taken to the U. of M. hospital and the surgeon found it necessary to amputate his thumb and a finger. Shubel Moore was standing about ten feet from him and was struck in the face, making a terrible gash from cheek to cheek, across the bridge of the nose. Dr. Honey was obliged to take ten stitches in the wound. Knope was only slightly hurt. The gun was unsafe and the boys were forbidden to use it, but did not heed the warning.

Possess marvelous curative powers, removes all disorders, makes health, strength and flesh. After taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea you'll realize the wonderful good it does. 35 cents Tea or Tablets. Freeman & Cummings Co.

TOWNSEND FOR VICE PRESIDENT

NAME OF CONGRESSMAN COUPLED WITH THAT OF TAFT.

IT IS NOW UP TO MICHIGAN

Concerted Action of the State It Is Claimed, Would Land the Prize.

The following is from a Washington dispatch to the Jackson Citizen-Press and is particularly pleasing to the popular congressman's friends:

For vice-president, Hon. Charles E. Townsend, of Michigan. This suggestion receives more than ordinary approval among members of congress on both sides, and no less persons than the distinguished Hepburn pointed out Townsend a few days ago and complimented him by saying that Townsend was presidential timber if Michigan would wake up and give him his due appreciation.

Mr. Townsend is a primo favorite of the house, and democrats as well as republicans, have the highest regard for his judgment and ability for doing things in that body. A member of the president's cabinet refers to Townsend as "solid as the rock of Gibraltar." Aside from his position at Washington, Townsend is now conceded to be the greatest political force in Michigan, and a few well directed requests in the interest of Mr. Townsend might distinguish Jackson as the home of the vice-president.

"Taft and Townsend" doesn't sound bad either, or "Roosevelt and Townsend." Up until this moment, little or nothing has been said about who is to be the vice-president, and it is not at all unlikely that with consistent attention to affairs in the convention, Townsend would carry a greater number of votes than any other man in congress for the position. A concerted action is all that is necessary. Townsend has built up for this district a strength recognized by every official in the government. He would carry a support that would be amazing.

Daylight Blotted Out.

There was many a timid person about town Friday afternoon nearly scared into "fits" by the dark and ominous cloud that put in appearance about 4:30 o'clock. Darkness, double distilled, and so thick that it seemed as though night had settled down, spread over the face of the earth, and many thought that this section was in for one of the worst storms in its history. Very little rain fell, and the wind was light. The big cloud was accompanied with a roaring sound, which undoubtedly was caused by wind high in the air. The phenomena lasted but a short time, when daylight once more made its appearance.

The storm caused considerable damage in other sections.

Grange Meeting.

Lafayette Grange will meet at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Sweetland Friday of this week. The following is the program:

Roll Call—Favorite breed of Chickens, Why?

Music.
Question—Suggestions on Summer Cooking and Laundry Work. Mrs. F. McMillen.
Chip Basket—Mrs. W. Stocking.
Song—Anna Fletcher.

Question—Why is Clover Sod the Best for Corn and Does it Pay to Thin Corn When Growing? Herman Fletcher.
Recitation—Mrs. G. T. English.

Twenty-Second Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Gay were happily surprised Tuesday by Jay Everett and Jessie Everett, Howard Everett and family, of Chelsea; Mrs. F. H. Coe and daughter, Frantzel, of Ann Arbor, and Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Everett of Stockbridge, who came to help commemorate the twenty-second anniversary of their married life.

A very pleasant time was enjoyed and the older members of the company heartily entered into and enjoyed the games of the younger ones in the evening.—Stockbridge Brief-Sun.

Real Estate Transfers.

L. Evelina Gates, Chelsea, to Walter H. Dancer, parcel, Lima, \$150.

Harriet C. Schnaitman, Detroit, to John Kalmbach, Chelsea, parcel, Chelsea, \$1.

John Jacob Staebler et al to Frederick Wenk, Lima, part of e hf of se qr and s 50 acres of e hf of ne qr of sec. 21, Lima, \$1.

A PLEASANT EVENT.

The Ladies' Research Club Gave a Reception Monday Evening.

There were about seventy-five present at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Mapes Monday evening at the reception given by the Ladies' Research Club to their husbands and friends. It had been expected to meet with Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Turnbull, but the illness of their little daughter, Florence, necessitated a change in the plans.

The evening was spent in social conversation and card playing, and was enlivened by a number of well rendered selections by a male quartette composed of Messrs. Howard Boyd, Elmer Winans, Roland Schenk and Ray Snyder. Mrs. G. P. Staffan and Miss Florence Crane presided at the piano.

Miss Madge Wilcox responded in a most pleasing manner to the toast "The Men," as also did Mrs. E. E. Gallup to "The Ladies."

Luncheon was served and it was a late hour when the last guest departed.

This was the last meeting of the club until next fall.

Church Circles.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Rev. M. L. Grant, Pastor
The subject next Sunday morning will be "The Christian Brotherhood." Evening subject, "The Wages and Work of the Christian."

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor
Next Sunday morning the confirmation class will have their final review.

The evening service will be held at 7:30 o'clock, sun time. This is the second sermon on the Apostles' Creed, Jesus Christ Crucified.

The Ladies' Aid Society will meet with Mrs. M. Alber, on west Middle street, Friday afternoon of this week.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

The Christian Science Society will meet in the G. A. R. hall at the usual hour next Sunday, April 5, 1908. Subject, "Unreality." Golden text, "For all flesh is as grass, and all the glory of man as the flower of grass. The grass withereth, and the flower thereof falleth away, but the word of the Lord endureth for ever. And this is the word which by the gospel is preached unto you."

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Rev. T. D. Denman, Pastor
Regular services in the morning and evening next Sunday.

The annual business meeting of the society will be held at the church Saturday afternoon of this week. Sermon at 11 a. m. Dinner at noon and roll call in the afternoon.

The young people's prayer meeting will be held Tuesday, April 7, at 7 p. m. standard time, at the home of Jay Everett, on Summit street. A hearty welcome to old and young.

M. E. CHURCH.

Rev. D. H. Glass, Pastor.
Prayer meeting Thursday evening lesson, "Humility and Forgiveness."

Official board meeting after the prayer meeting to-night.

Ladies' bible class Friday 2 p. m. at the parsonage.

Sunday morning sermon, "The Newest Thing in Church Work."

Evening sermon, "The Greatest Movement of the Twentieth Century."

Junior League at three o'clock.
Epworth League at six o'clock. Topic, "The Protected Life." Leader, Mrs. C. E. Stimson.

MAYOR OF TOKIO.

Richard Carle's splendid play and most popular of musical comedies "The Mayor of Tokio," at the New Whitney Theater, matinee and night Saturday, April 4, "The Mayor of Tokio" has been advertised by certain eastern admirers of the piece as being a comic opera, while the term would have need of considerable elasticity in order to apply to "The Mayor of Tokio," the fact that there is more plot and more continuous flow of pleasing music than usually appears in a musical comedy is undeniable. The question of exact classification however is not a vital one. It suffices that the piece is said to be bright, clean in tone and manner, entertaining and excellently presented in its entirety, a show suited for an evening's pleasant pastime. Mr. John L. Kearney, the well known and popular comedian, assumes the part of Marcus Orlando Kidder, a theatrical magnate, who tried to set the world on fire by using water, his many complications as a busted manager of Kidder's Komiques in Japan has never been surpassed as a fun maker. The supporting company is very strong, both in merit and numbers and the chorus contains handsome young women who were especially selected in New York for the various parts they assume in the comedy. Prices matinee 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. Night prices 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50.

Freeman & Cummings Co.

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Is always open for your inspection, what we know about decorating your rooms we will gladly tell you. You are always welcome whether you buy or not.

Ask Your Decorator

to come in with you, his experience will help you in making your selections and aid you in deciding on the method of treating your rooms.

We are showing the largest, newest, best assorted, most attractive line of Wall Paper and Decorators Supplies in Chelsea.

Our Prices Are Attracting

buyers from surrounding towns. Business is good, we have no complaint to make, we would like to show you our stock, we will try to please you.

For Good Things to Eat And Genuine Grocery Satisfaction

Our Grocery department is a good place to go; all the new things are here first; all the prices here are the lowest.

Our Drug Department

Is stocked with fresh, pure drugs and medicines bearing the label of and sold direct to us by the best pharmaceutical firm in the world, Parke, Davis & Co. You get the best when you buy here. We want to please you.

Highest Market Price Paid for Butter and Eggs.

FREEMAN & CUMMINGS CO.

The Dairy Maid Cream Harvester

Will pay for its self in one year. Call and see it.

We have everything that is to be found in a first-class hardware.

Large Line of Furniture

See us about that new set harness.
Fine line of Road Wagons, Buggies and Surreys.
Implements of all kinds
Barb and Woven Wire Fence.

Holmes & Walker

We Treat You Right.



WATCHES, CLOCKS, Rings, Charms and Jewelry of all kinds.

We have a large assortment of Gold Bowed Spectacles and Eye Glasses. Every pair warranted to give satisfaction.

Repairing of all kinds done on short notice.

A. E. WINANS, Jeweler.

SPRING AND SUMMER MILLINERY. MILLER SISTERS.

You are cordially invited to inspect our line of

THE HOME PROTECTORS' AFFAIRS TO BE UNTANGLED BY A RECEIVER.

WILSON'S EASY JAIL LIFE.

Says He Will Fool the People, But What That Means He Does Not Explain.

A new precedent in insanity cases has been set by William H. Holmes of Omaha, on trial for the embezzlement of \$700. Although insanity is his sole defense, no alienists have been called, no one has testified to hereditary taints, and no mention has been made of brainstorm or exaggerated ego. The witnesses have all been ordinary citizens who have met him in everyday life. Sam Hoff, ex-sheriff and member of the legislature, testifies that he believes Holmes insane, because he wants a bath every day and is scrupulous about his dress. George Stryker, another ex-sheriff, says that Holmes would have "a roaring toothache evenings, but would be all right mornings," which, coupled with the fact that he turned out his gas in jail at 8 p. m. and went to sleep, though the rules allowed him to have it going till 9, proved madness conclusively. The only departure from the home-made brand of evidence was when Holmes' attorney argued that, as all the masters of music, art, literature and politics had been more or less crazy, Holmes must undoubtedly be so. One telling argument was addressed—the prisoner ate breakfast foods! However, remarks the New York Post, no one thought to point out the most conclusive proof of all, namely, that if he had not been insane, Holmes never would have embezzled merely \$700.

The Man We Envy.

In one of his plays, Bernard Shaw remarks that "the man with the toothache thinks everyone happy whose teeth are sound, and the poverty-stricken man makes the same mistake about the rich man." So it is with most things. One always feels that the thing one does not possess, or the thing one cannot do, is the one thing essential to happiness. The unsuccessful think the successful must be happy. The invalids think if they had health nothing else would matter. The laboring man thinks if he only had leisure he would be content. But, fortunately, happiness is not the prerogative of any class of people or station in life. "No doubt some are gifted with a happier and more cheerful temperament than others," says the New York Weekly, but one's point of view is really largely a matter of habit, and the thing to do is to try and get into a habit of letting one's thoughts dwell on the pleasant things of life as much as possible and forget his worries as soon as may be.

"A nobleman who becomes the husband of an American heiress enters into the marriage with a proper respect for his bride. He does not crave the alliance because of the financial reasons, but because he is dominated by the overwhelming beauty and fairness of the American girl. He is carried away by her philosophy, her logic, her irresistible and fascinating mien," says an Austro-Hungarian visitor in Washington. Be-oo-oo-oo! But why, asks the Baltimore American, is it that only girls with the largest sort of fortunes have the peculiar brand of philosophy, logic and irresistible and fascinating mien to appeal to the foreign aspirants for American wives?

It is inspiring to read that the Association of Master Plumbers is animated by the noble desire to mitigate human suffering and lessen disease by improving the standard of plumbing. The enthusiasm with which the average citizen greets this sentiment gets something of a jolt, however, with the further announcement that by giving the people sanitary plumbing the organization will be able to command prices that will pay its members for the good work they do. Dear, dear, and most of us thought we had been paying enough to secure that kind of work all the time!

Even the Arabian Nights contains nothing more gorgeously weird than the story which comes from Alabama concerning one Smith who ran half a mile to a doctor, his head fastened to his neck only by a shred of flesh. Smith might have toted his top piece much more easily had he sawed it entirely off and carried it in a bag slung over his shoulder.

A Philadelphia newspaper consigns Chicago to outer darkness because of the alleged fact that the Auditorium theater is to be pulled down. Before forming its opinions even a Philadelphia newspaper should get the facts in the case.

The Pennsylvania railroad has served notice on the steel trust to furnish it rails without blowholes. Holes are endurable in bread and cheese and lace insertion, but the present railroad traffic is so heavy that it leaves dents in rails that are spongy.

Mr. Whitaker is modest. The English fortune he seeks amounts to only \$600,000,000. Few people attempting to collect a mythical chancery estate would give up a penny of their claims for such a sum.

STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Mayor Hine says the lid is on too tight in Bay City. The saloonkeepers agree with him.

Judge Wisner has fixed the date for selling the Aetna Portland Cement Co. of Detroit for May 9.

Shepherd's new bank will have a building on the main street. The capital stock is \$20,000.

About \$108,000 in certificates in the United Home Protectors' fraternity was held by Alma residents and farmers.

Every 30 mail sacks leave Lansing over day filled with copies of the revised constitution. Each sack contains 500 copies.

Eleanor Cole, 94, the oldest person of Niles, is dead. She remembered the first visit of Lafayette to the United States in 1824.

Sault Ste. Marie officers believe the hermit found dead in a backwoods hut was Jacob Boynton, an escaped Marquette prison convict.

The one saloon at Grawn closed its doors and the proprietor and bartender attended an Anti-Saloon league meeting at one of the churches there.

Below the headlines of the Coldwater Star, one of the local newspapers, appears the following in headline type: "We have no use for the liquor traffic."

Wallace McPherson, one of the best known lumbermen in the upper peninsula, narrowly escaped death when his auto crashed into a bridge at Menominee.

Municipal ownership of water works system has paid here. The board of public works has a \$15,000 surplus on hand and no bonds due until 1916, 1917 and 1918.

The executive board of the State Federation of Women's clubs will meet at Jackson April 7-9, to plan for the state federation meeting in Traverse City in the fall.

William L. Wilson, of Port Huron, defaulting secretary of the United Home Protectors' fraternity, waived examination and was bound over for trial to the circuit court.

Marquette's municipal lighting plant operated by water power and managed by a non-partisan board of business men cleared \$30,500 net during the fiscal year just closed.

Mrs. Grace Rouston got a \$5,500 verdict for injuries in the D. U. R. theater car accident at Birmingham in 1906. Her first verdict of \$5,000 was reversed by the supreme court.

L. H. Warren, of Coldwater, was fined \$212.50 for keeping his saloon open after hours and Leslie D. Silvers, of Bronson, \$111.50 for allowing a minor in his saloon. Both paid.

While planning a reception for her son after the expiration of his enlistment in the U. S. infantry in the Philippines, Mrs. J. M. Poole, of Battle Creek, received word of his death.

Peter Goseman, 76 years old, an old pioneer and soldier of Greenville, having served in the Mexican and civil wars, is dead. Charles Hubbs, 84, another civil war veteran, is also dead.

Mrs. Olive Wood, who was bound over to the circuit court on the charge of murder, was arraigned and bail was placed at \$2,000. Mrs. Wood is the only woman confined at this time in the Genesee county jail.

Frank Spalla, an Italian fruit dealer of Kalamazoo, received a Black Hand letter, demanding that he leave \$100 a year of a building in the central part of the business district at midnight Friday or meet "the death of a traitor."

Richard Wigglesworth, a Pere Marquette freight conductor, running from Saginaw to Ladinnton, slipped off sleet-covered logs and fell under the wheels. Both legs were cut off. He died later and the body was brought to his home in Saginaw.

While riding home from Cassopolis in his farm wagon, James H. Wilson, of the negro settlement in Calvin township, is alleged to have stabbed Earl Byrd, brother of a well known A. M. E. minister. Byrd is in a serious condition and Wilson is under arrest.

The big implement factory located at Standish which originally cost in the neighborhood of \$100,000 was sold to the Michigan Coopers Co., located at Standish and Turner. The factory will manufacture staves and heading principally and will employ from 40 to 50 men.

A genuine German wedding, such as is seldom seen in this country, took place near Lapeer last week, when Miss Elizabeth Beyer was united in marriage to William Albrecht. One hundred chickens, several sheep and two calves were killed for the occasion. While two large kegs of beer were placed in the cellar. The dancing lasted three days after the ceremony.

For the purpose of securing the extradition of Richard M. Sampson, the board of supervisors of Dickinson county has made an appropriation of \$600. Sampson was postmaster at Norcia for a number of years. He was arrested some months ago on a serious charge, the exact nature of which was not made public, and pending his trial he was released on \$2,000 bail. His bondsman was Attorney R. C. Flanagan and Dr. E. W. Swift, prominent citizens of Norcia. The former postmaster failed to appear in court when his case was called and his bail was declared forfeited. He had fled the country. His present whereabouts are unknown to the general public. Sampson's arrest and the subsequent developments created a sensation.

It is proposed by the finance committee of the Saginaw city council to divert the various rivers in Roscommon county, which flow into the Saginaw into the Kawakawin and hence by that river to the bay. By this plan, they believe, they could prevent much damage during spring floods.

"Sit still; don't run for the doors—that's the way people get killed in fires!" cried Miss Jewel O'Connor to her pupils in the Gravellick school, Traverse City, when a small fire was discovered. The children remained in their seats while several of the boys extinguished the flames with buckets of water.

From the State Capital

Information and Gossip Furnished by Special Correspondent at Lansing.

Lansing.—Since the grand jury investigation and the indictment of two members of the legislature for alleged graft there is considerable discussion in Lansing of legislative expenses. Some interesting figures, showing the expenses of the last legislature, are found in the auditor general's report for the fiscal year ending last June. It is shown that the total expenses of the state senate were \$56,912.53, of which only \$18,258 was for the per diem of the members. The remainder was for the pay of employees, mileage and incidental expenses, so that the salaries of the senators were really only about one-third the cost of the session. The report shows that while there are but 32 senators there were 61 employees attached to the senate staff, and that while the salaries of the senators aggregated \$18,258, those of the employees amounted to \$30,751. Senators received \$557 each, which was at the rate of three dollars per day for every day of the week, from the beginning of the session to the end, not a senator being "docked" for absence or for Sundays, although the constitution says that members shall be allowed three dollars per day for the time actually in attendance or when absent on account of sickness. The house expenses were \$104,554.67, the members being paid \$61,702.20 and the officers of the body \$35,935, the balance being for incidental expenses. The total cost of the legislative session was \$164,103.20, of which about \$76,000 was for the salaries of members. Members were paid for 179 days.

Slocum Declared Winner.

The fortunes of war have again changed in the Caro post office matter. It was declared that Postmaster Fred Slocum will remain. Mr. Slocum was in Washington for two days, and has called on the president, Secretary Taft and Postmaster General Meyer. He placed his own case in the light of Eighth district politics before them. He fought his own fight without involving members of the Michigan delegation. The result is that the Slocum appointment which was recalled from the senate to the White House by the president at Senator Smith's request, was not sent back to the postmaster general, but instead was sent to the senate again. The president, Secretary Taft and Postmaster General Meyer united in this.

Lumber Cut Dwindles.

According to statistics compiled by an editor, the annual lumber cut in the state of Michigan has dwindled to considerably less than half of what it was in 1888, which was the banner year in Michigan lumbering. The total production of lumber in Michigan in 1907 was 1,743,584,000 feet, a reduction of ten per cent. from the output of 1906. This year it is predicted will show a reduction of 30 per cent. from 1906. Unless reforestation is extensively adopted it is said that Michigan lumber will be practically exhausted in 30 years.

Wayne Matter Still Pending.

The investigation into the methods used in the passage of the bill raising the salaries of the Wayne county stenographers is not yet over. Lieut. Gov. Kelly hinted broadly that Gov. Warner, who appoints the stenographers and has the power of removing them, would wish more information along this line. It is said that the governor may call the stenographers before him when he returns from the south and ask them about the matter.

New Trolley Line Planned.

As the result of the development of the water power of the Menominee river, the Interurban street car line between Menominee and Escanaba, which was surveyed several years ago, will be built by local and eastern capitalists. This line will open up the richest agricultural section of Menominee and Delta counties and will do more than anything else to develop the settlement of the now vacant lands.

Answers in Tax Case Filed.

The answers of the auditor-general and state board of railway assessors to the suit commenced by the Pacific and American Express companies to set aside the taxes levied against them for the year 1903, were filed by Attorney General Bird in the United States circuit court at Detroit the other day. The cases have been pending for several years and at last settlement is sighted.

New Lighthouse Sanctioned.

The bill of Senator Smith providing for an appropriation of \$100,000 for the establishment of a lighthouse and fog signal at the eastern end of Michigan island was passed by the senate. The bill will be passed by the house, introduced by Senator Smith, authorizing the secretary of war to cause an examination and survey of Pigeon river from its mouth in the vicinity of Port Sheldon, with a view of providing a ten-foot channel and turning basin, was passed by the senate.

A post-flood investigation by Street Commissioner C. A. Caldwell shows that Battle Creek's loss, as a city, by the recent "freshet" will extend into the thousands. Every bridge of wooden construction—and Battle Creek has 23 bridges—needs immediate repair, while one, at Elm street, has been condemned as dangerous and forbidden for traffic. Circulars have been sent to Bay City saloonkeepers by the Law and Order league, warning them that they are not worth \$3,000 in unnumbered property, they are liable to perjury charges.

Denies Charge of Lobbying.

"We did engage Attorney Guy A. Miller to go to Lansing for the purpose of protecting the interests of Wayne county before the constitutional convention," said Auditor T. Hawley Christian of Detroit. "Alderman McClellan says we hired a lobbyist at the county's expense to work for bills which were for the personal interest of the auditors. That is untrue. Wayne county, being so much larger in population and wealthier than any of the other counties, requires peculiar legislation and legislative power. For instance, the constitutional requirement that not more than \$1,000 shall be raised by any county for construction, repairs or maintenance of any county building without vote of the people, is all right for a small county, but here we are constantly forced to evade it. There were other measures, affecting the probate judge's office, the prosecuting attorney's office and other departments, which the delegates-at-large would not understand or care for. We knew it would not do for any of us to go to Lansing to work for the measures, as it would arouse inquiry. So we engaged Mr. Miller."

Watch Forest Tax Study.

Michigan experts are watching the first exhaustive study of the forest taxation problem to be attempted by any state, which has just been begun by the New Hampshire state forestry commission, in co-operation with the United States forest service. The study will take in all of the many questions of forest land taxation and the protection of forests from fires. J. H. Foster of the forest service has been sent from Washington to take up the investigations on the ground immediately. Because of its thoroughness the study is sure to be followed with great interest by Michigan and the other states which are finding the forest tax problem a serious check to forest preservation. Mr. Foster will find out by painstaking inquiry in various parts of the state and among all classes of citizens just how the present laws are administered, how they are regarded and what their effect is on the lumber industry and forest preservation. The result will be to furnish a better basis for revising its system of taxing forest lands than any state has ever had before, if changes in the present laws are found to be needed.

Question Is Raised.

Not a little difficulty is being experienced by the secretary of state's department in harmonizing the provisions of the new primary election law with the several local primary acts now in force, and the attorney general's department has been asked to lend a helping hand. Bay, Midland and St. Clair counties have been operating under special acts for the nomination of certain officers, and the question is now raised whether such acts have not been repealed by the general primary law passed at the special session of the legislature. Some difficulty has also arisen in regard to the party enrollment in Wayne, Alpena, Kent and Muskegon counties, where there are special primary acts. The general primary law excepts these counties from its provisions, and a question that puzzles those who construe the laws is whether the local enrollment of voters may be accepted by the secretary of state as the enrollment required under the general primary law.

Horse-Docking Law Queried.

A communication has been received by the attorney general's office from Carl G. Kleinmuck, secretary of the Kalamazoo Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children and Animals, asking for an opinion as to the constitutionality of the state law, which forbids the docking of the tails of horses or the importing into the state of animals in such a condition. Attorneys have given it as their opinion that the law would not stand a test in court, and the society with the long game wishes to know if this is true, and if it is they propose at the next session of the legislature to have passed a law which will stand the test.

Boots State School.

President Snyder of the Michigan Agricultural college was in Washington and appeared before the committee on agriculture in the interest of the bills to increase and expand agricultural education. Mr. Snyder opposed too much expenditure for local centers of such education and favored increasing the work of state schools.

Beat Fordney in County.

The Shawwassee Taft forces won in the hottest Republican convention ever held in that county. The Eighth district alone in all the state has been represented as anti-Taft, and declarations of the most positive character have been made to that effect. Against the power wielded by Joseph W. Fordney in the district, all of which was brought into play to line Shawwassee up with the other counties, the Taft men feel that they have won a notable victory.

CLOUDS GATHER.

Relations With Venezuela Are Becoming Strained, It Appears. W. W. Russell, the American minister to Venezuela, in a note dated March 21, advised Dr. Jose De Jesus Paul, the Venezuelan foreign minister, that three pouches of official mail that were brought into La Guaira on March 15 by the steamer Zulla, for the American cruiser Tacoma, had been opened in the La Guaira postoffice. The Tacoma arrived at La Guaira March 18 and is still there. Mr. Russell said it was a very serious thing to break the seal of a pouch of correspondence and he asked an investigation.

Wm. L. Russell, the United States minister at Caracas, the Venezuelan capital, is coming to Washington to advise the administration personally in regard to President Castro's attitude, and the status of the pending claims. It was explained at the state department that Mr. Russell had been granted leave of absence, but information was refused as to when he would leave Caracas, or how long he would be expected to remain in this country.

While there is no authority for a positive statement to that effect, everything points to the probability of this government to suspend diplomatic relations with Venezuela.

GREAT DAMAGE.

Mexican Earthquake Killed Fewer People Than at First Reported. A number of Americans and other refugees from the earthquake territory of the state of Guerrero, Mexico, bringing news of the damage that was wrought, and the suffering on the part of the earthquake-stricken people of the mountain towns. It is stated that only two lives were lost in Chilpanca, where the early reports were to the effect that the entire town, which has a population of about 15,000 people, had been destroyed. Some of the larger and more costly buildings in the town were either tumbled down or damaged to such an extent as to make them uninhabitable.

A courier who arrived at Chilpancingo from Peatlan, a thriving town situated 20 miles beyond Chilpanca, says that it was completely destroyed. A great fissure was opened across the mountain near the town and the courier had to make a long detour in order to reach Chilpancingo. A number of people were injured by falling walls at that place, but none were killed so far as known.

THE MARKETS.

Detroit.—Cattle.—Market active and all grades strong, 25c higher than last week. Extra dry steers and heifers, \$12.00; choice steers and heifers, \$11.00; average, \$9.50; steers and heifers, \$8.00 to \$10.00; average, \$8.50; cows, \$7.00 to \$9.00; average, \$8.00; calves, \$5.00 to \$7.00; average, \$6.00; sheep, \$4.00 to \$5.00; average, \$4.50; pigs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; average, \$3.50; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.00; average, \$4.50; chickens, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; turkeys, \$1.50 to \$2.00; average, \$1.75; ducks, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; geese, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; butter, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; lard, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; corn, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; wheat, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; flour, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; sugar, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; coffee, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; tea, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; spices, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; fruit, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; vegetables, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; eggs, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; milk, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; cream, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; cheese, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; soap, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; candles, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; kerosene, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; oil, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; gas, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; electricity, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; water, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; sewerage, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; telephone, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; telegraph, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; mail, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; express, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; freight, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; shipping, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; insurance, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; bonds, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; stocks, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; real estate, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25; other, \$1.00 to \$1.50; average, \$1.25.

GENERAL NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

THE PRICE OF BEEF IS TO GO UP FOR THE PACKERS, BUT NOT FOR PRODUCERS.

DIPLOMAT STEVENS RISE

Five Cents Per Pound Raise in Price

The Korean's Shot Killed by Stevens—Matters of Note and Comment.

Retail prices of meats of all grades have increased two cents a pound within the last week in New York and before another week has gone by it is very probable that prices will go from three to five cents a pound higher. This is the result of a strange combination of circumstances, which has affected the cattle raising industry of this country. New York packers say that if existing conditions become much worse it will become necessary for the big packers to import beef and cattle from the Argentine Republic, England and Australia.

Beef, no matter what its quality, is ready in three to five cents higher than it was a week ago. Lamb and mutton have advanced two cents a pound, increased demand for pork has put up from one to two cents a pound from sausage to loin roasts and chops. Farmers of Illinois, Iowa and other states, who raise live stock for the Chicago market, will not benefit by the increased price of meats established by packers and retailers on Tuesday. The cost of all meat, excepting veal, has been increased during the last few days from one to five cents a pound. Farmers, owing to their shipping of all available stock during the recent financial panic, are said by the packers to have exhausted the supply and now will not reap the benefit of the increased price offered by packers.

The Murder of Mr. Stevens.

Durham White Stevens, the diplomat shot by In Whan Chang, a young Korean, died at St. Francis hospital in San Francisco Wednesday night, following an operation. Death was due to peritonitis. The operation disclosed that the assassin's bullet had perforated the intestines in six places. At the bedside when death came was Choso Koike, Japanese consul general in San Francisco; Morris Wilson and Col. W. A. Simpson, personal friends of Mr. Stevens; and Dr. Zumwalt Terry and Huntington Mr. Stevens' retained consciousness only once after the operation and then said he was a great pain. The attending physician realized that death was certain in a few hours and operated in the false hope of saving his life.

Now the Duke Is Sued.

Judge (Conlon, in the city court, New York, has under consideration a case of James Cavanaugh, a tailor of London and Paris, against the Duke of Chaulnes, who recently married Miss Theodora Shonts, daughter of Theodore P. Shonts. The suit is to recover \$1,345 alleged to be due for clothes furnished by the tailor to the duke in 1901. The plaintiff's attorney has filed a complaint with the court, which served on the duke in New York five days after his marriage, but the duke's attorneys have produced counter affidavits to the effect that a mistake was made and that the sum of \$1,345, in fact, served on Baron de Cede, a friend of the duke, who came to America to attend the marriage.

Armor Belt Too Low.

The navy department has received from the naval constructor on the Connecticut, Rear Admiral Evans's file, a report concerning the allegation that the water line armor belt was too low, the constructor's view being based on actual observation and measurements on the battleship fleet trip from Hampton Roads to Madagascar. In his report the constructor says there was clear weather for most of the cruise, but in spite of this the unprotected hull below the armor belt was exposed at times, thus indicating that the belt is too narrow. The criticism of Commanders Sims and Key and other officers in regard to the belt is understood to have been confirmed in the report.

"Reds" Throw Bombs.

A determined effort to hold a Socialist meeting in Union Square, New York, despite the fact that no permit had been obtained, and in defiance of the orders of the police, ended in the explosion of a bomb in the middle of the park Saturday afternoon. One man was instantly blown to death and the man who held the bomb was so badly injured that the hospital surgeons say he is certain to die. The man who held the bomb was who was about to hurl it at a squad of policemen when it exploded, blowing his right hand blown off just above the wrist and both of his eyes were blown out. Despite his terrible injuries he was occasionally conscious in the course of the afternoon and evening and he told both the police and the coroner who took his autopsym statement that he had intended to throw the bomb at the police.

MICHIGAN ITEMS.

The clothes of Robert Brown, aged 68, of Gagetown, were ignited by a fire in the house of his son-in-law, Clarence Lloyd. Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd smothered the flames with a quilt, but were badly burned in the act. Brown may die. Officers of Fort Brady garrison are trying to locate the wives of soldiers who reach the coast and sail for the Philippines as the result of the expiring previous orders for the departure of the garrison this week. Many left several days ago and unless they are notified before they reach the coast they will have made the long trip for nothing.

THE PRESIDENT GIVES OUTLINE OF LEGISLATION

Special Message He Asks the Passage of Several Pending Bills.

WOULD AMEND TRUST LAWS

Believes Some Features of Present Statutes Are Obsolete and Need Revising.

Washington, Mar. 25.—The following is the full text of the president's message sent to congress Wednesday:

To the Senate and House of Representatives: I call your attention to certain measures as to which I think there should be action by the congress before the close of the present session.

As regards most if not all of the matters, bills have been introduced into one or the other of the two houses, and it is not too much to hope that action will be taken one way or the other on these bills at the present session. In my message at the opening of the present session, and, indeed, in various messages to previous congresses, I have repeatedly suggested action on most of these measures.

Child labor should be prohibited throughout the nation. At least a model child-labor bill should be passed by the Dist. of Columbia. It is unfortunate that in the one place solely dependent upon congress for its legislation there should be no law whatever to protect children by forbidding or regulating their labor.

I renew my recommendation for the immediate re-enactment of an employment liability law, drawn to conform to the recent decision of the supreme court. Within the limits indicated by the court, the law should be made thorough and comprehensive, and the protection it affords should embrace every class of employe to which the power of the congress can extend.

In addition to a liability law protecting the employes of common carriers, the government should show its good faith by enacting a further law giving compensation to its own employes for injury or death incurred in the service. It is a reproach to us as a nation that in both federal and state legislation we have afforded less protection to public and private employes than any other industrial country of the world.

Injunction Legislation.

I also urge that action be taken along the line of the recommendations I have already made concerning injunctions in labor disputes. No temporary restraining order should be issued by any court without notice; and the petition for a permanent injunction upon which such temporary restraining order has been issued should be heard by the court issuing the same within a reasonable time—say, not to exceed a week or thereabouts from the time when the order was issued. It is worth considering whether it would not give greater popular confidence in the impartiality of sentences for contempt if it was required that the issue should be decided by another judge than the one issuing the injunction, except where the contempt is committed in the presence of the court, or in other case of urgency.

Rate Law Amendments.

I again call attention to the urgent need of amending the interstate commerce law and especially the anti-trust law along the lines indicated in my last message. The interstate commerce law should be amended so as to give railroads the right to make traffic agreements, subject to these agreements being approved by the interstate commerce commission and published in all of their details. The commission should also be given the power to make public and to pass upon the issuance of all securities hereafter issued by railroads doing an interstate commerce business.

A law should be passed providing in effect that when a federal court determines to place a common carrier under public utility concern under the control of a receivership, the attorney general should have the right to nominate at least one of the receivers, or else in some other way the interests of the stockholders should be protected, so that the management may not be wholly re-delivered to the man or men the failure of whose policy may have necessitated the creation of the receivership. Receiverships should be used, not to operate roads, but as speedily as possible to pay their debts and return them to the proper owners.

Would Amend Anti-Trust Law.

In addition to the reasons I have already urged on your attention, it has now become important that there should be an amendment of the anti-trust law, because of the uncertainty as to how this law affects combinations among labor men and farmers, if the combination has any tendency to restrict interstate commerce. All of these combinations, if and while existing for and engaged in the promotion of innocent and proper purposes, should be recognized as legal. As I have repeatedly pointed out, this anti-trust law was a most unwisely drawn statute. It was perhaps inevitable that in feeling after the right remedy the first attempts to provide such should be crude; and it was absolutely imperative that some legislation should be passed to control, in the interest of the public, the business use of the enormous aggregations of corporate wealth that are so marked a feature of the modern industrial world. But the present anti-trust law, in its construction and working, has exemplified only too well the kind of legislation which, under the guise of being thoroughgoing, is drawn up in such sweeping form as to become either ineffective or else mischievous.

In the modern industrial world combinations are absolutely necessary; they are necessary among business men, they are necessary among laboring men, they are becoming more and more necessary among farmers. Some of these combinations are among the most powerful of all instruments for wrongdoing. Others offer the only effective way of meeting actual business needs. It is mischievous and unwholesome to keep upon the statute books unmodified a law, like the anti-trust law, which, while in practice only partially effective against vicious combinations, has nevertheless in theory been construed so as sweepingly to prohibit every combination for the transaction of modern business. Some real good has resulted from this law. But the time has come when it is imperative to modify it. Such modification is urgently needed for the sake of the business men of the country; for the sake of the wage-workers and for the sake of the farmers. The congress can not afford to leave it on the statute books in its present shape.

Remedies Advised.

It has now become uncertain how far this law may involve all labor organizations and farmers' organizations, as well as all business organizations, in conflict with the law; or, if we secure literal compliance with the law, how far it may result in the destruction of the organization necessary for the transaction of modern business, as well as of labor organizations and farmers' organizations, completely check the wise movement for securing business cooperation among farmers, and put back half a century the progress of the movement for the betterment of labor. A bill has been presented in congress to remedy this situation. Some such measure as this bill is needed in the interest of all engaged in the industries which are essential to the country's well-being. I do not pretend to say the exact shape that the bill should take, and the suggestions I have to offer are tentative; and my views would apply equally to any other measure which would achieve the desired end. Bearing this in mind, I would suggest, merely tentatively, the following changes in the law:

The substantive part of the anti-trust law should remain as at present; that is, every contract in restraint of trade or commerce among the several states or with foreign nations should continue to be declared illegal; provided, however, that some proper governmental authority (such as the commissioner of corporations acting under the secretary of commerce and labor) be allowed to pass on any such contracts. Probably the best method of providing for this would be to enact that any contract subject to the prohibition contained in the anti-trust law, into which it is desired to enter, might be filed with the bureau of corporations or other appropriate executive body. This would provide publicity. Within, say, 60 days of the filing—which period could be extended by order of the department whenever for any reason it did not give the department sufficient time for a thorough examination—the executive department having power might forbid the contract, which would then become subject to the provisions of the anti-trust law, if at all in restraint of trade.

If no such prohibition was issued, the contract would then only be liable to attack on the ground that it constituted an unreasonable restraint of trade. Whenever the period of filing had passed without any such prohibition, the contracts or combinations could be disapproved or forbidden only after notice and hearing with a reasonable provision for summary review on appeal by the courts. Labor organizations, farmers' organizations, and other organizations not organized for purposes of profit, should be allowed to register under the law by giving the location of the head office, the charter and by-laws, and the names and addresses of their principal officers. In the interest of all these organizations—business, labor, and farmers' organizations alike—the present provision permitting the recovery of threefold damages should be abolished, and as a substitute therefor the right of recovery allowed for should be only the damages sustained by the plaintiff and the cost of suit, including a reasonable attorney's fee.

The law should not affect pending suits; a short statute of limitations should be provided, so far as the past is concerned, not to exceed a year. Moreover, and even more in the interest of labor than of business combinations, all such suits brought for causes of action heretofore occurred should be brought only if the contract or combination complained of was unfair or unreasonable. It may be well

to remember that all of the suits heretofore brought by the government under the anti-trust law have been in cases where the combination or contract was in fact unfair, unreasonable, and against the public interest.

Labor Organizations.

It is important that we should encourage trade agreements between employer and employe where they are just and fair. A strike is a clumsy weapon for righting wrongs done to labor, and we should extend, so far as possible, the process of conciliation and arbitration for strikes. Moreover, violence, disorder and coercion, when committed in connection with strikes, should be as promptly and as sternly repressed as when committed in any other connection. But strikes themselves are, and should be, recognized to be entirely legal. Combinations of workmen have a peculiar reason for their existence. The very wealthy individual employe, and still more the very wealthy corporation, stand at an enormous advantage when compared to the individual workman; and while there are many cases where it may not be necessary for laborers to form a union, in many other cases it is indispensable, for otherwise the thousands of small units, the thousands of individual workmen, will be left helpless in their dealings with the big one unit, the big individual or corporate employe.

Twenty-two years ago, by the act of June 23, 1856, trades unions were recognized by law, and the right of laboring people to combine for all lawful purposes was formally recognized, this right including combinations for mutual protection and benefits, the regulation of wages, hours and conditions of labor, and the protection of the individual rights of the workmen in the prosecution of their trade or trades; and in the act of June 1, 1898, strikes were recognized as legal in the same provision that forbade participation in or instigation of force or violence against persons or property, or the attempt to prevent others from working, by violence, threat or intimidation. The business man must be protected in person and property, and so must the farmer and the wage-worker; and as regards all alike, the right of peaceful combination for all lawful purposes should be explicitly recognized.

Objects to Boycott.

The right of employers to combine and contract with one another and with their employes should be explicitly recognized; and so should the right of the employe to combine and contract with one another and with the employers, and to seek peaceably to persuade others to accept their views, and to strike for the purpose of peaceably obtaining from employers satisfactory terms for their labor. Nothing should be done to legalize either a blacklist or a boycott that would be illegal at common law, this being the type of boycott defined and condemned by the anthracite strike commission.

The question of financial legislation is now receiving such attention in both houses that we have a right to expect action before the close of the session. It is urgently necessary that there should be such action. Moreover, action should be taken to establish postal savings banks. These postal savings banks are imperatively needed for the benefit of the wage-workers and men of small means, and will be a valuable adjunct to our whole financial system.

Tariff Revision.

The time has come when we should prepare for a revision of the tariff. This should be, and indeed must be, preceded by careful investigation. It is peculiarly the province of the congress and not of the president, and indeed peculiarly the province of the house of representatives, to originate a tariff bill and to determine upon its terms; and this I fully realize. Yet it seems to me that before the close of this session provision should be made for collecting full material which will enable the congress elected next fall to act immediately after it comes into existence. This would necessitate some action by the congress at its present session, perhaps in the shape of directing the proper committee to gather the necessary information, both through the committee itself and through government agents who should report to the committee and should lay before it the facts which would permit it to act with prompt and intelligent fairness. These government agents, if it is not deemed wise to appoint individuals from outside the public service, might with advantage be members of the executive departments, designated by the president, on his own motion or on the request of the committee, to act with it.

I am of the opinion, however, that one change in the tariff could with advantage be made forthwith. Our forests need every protection, and one method of protecting them would be to put upon the free list wood pulp, with a corresponding reduction upon paper made from wood pulp, when they come from any country that does not put an export duty upon them.

Waterways Commission.

Ample provision should be made for a permanent waterways commission, with whatever powers is required to make it effective. The reasonable expectation of the people will not be met unless the congress provides at this session for the beginning and prosecution of the actual work of waterway improvement and control. The congress should recognize in fullest fashion the fact that the subject of the conservation of our natural resources, with which this commission deals, is literally vital for the future of the nation.

Theodore Roosevelt.

The White House, March 25, 1908.

AMERICAN GIRLS WHO MARRY TITLES are NOT ALL UNHAPPY

MANY STRIKING EXAMPLES, IN FRANCE AT LEAST, OF INTERNATIONAL MATCHES WHICH BROUGHT HAPPINESS THAT YEARS HAVE NOT ALTERED.

PARIS.—Not all our girls who marry titles are unhappy. We hear of the shipwrecks, wasted millions and a lone girl drifting westward on a gilded craft; but the mass of the contented, doing vast good to America and Europe, pass unnoticed, declares a writer in the Washington Evening Star.

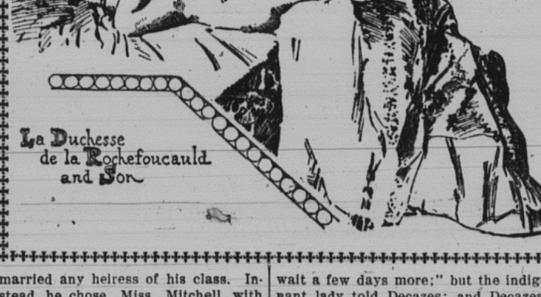
As to France, I know these girls are missionaries of the great American idea.

Some get love; some fill empty hearts with worldly satisfactions, and all merit admiration. France's share of their \$300,000,000 may have healed old families; but the breezy push, the bright initiative, independence, energy and judgment with which they invigorate a sleepy aristocracy are equalled only by the splendid prestige they have given the United States abroad.

There are two dual families, for example, the Rochefoucauld and the Uzes, called, respectively, "the premier dukes" and "premier barons" of the old regime. Is it a small thing that Miss Shonts becomes the sister-in-law of one, while Miss Mattie Elizabeth Mitchell is the duchess of the other?

One True Love Match.

Miss Mitchell may have brought the Duc de la Rochefoucauld but \$200,000. The duke—who, in old days, would have been nearest royalty, like the Norfolks in England—could have



wait a few days more; but the indignant lady told Decazes; and Decazes ostentatiously kicked Haritoff in the posterior before the great public of the atrium of the Casino.

Everyone called it a savage act. Friends represented to Decazes it was his fault to have left Haritoff alone with anyone who had 1,000 francs; his weakness and necessities were known. Therefore the duke, kindly at heart, consented to meet Haritoff in a duel, where no one was hurt; but his old friend never recovered from the disgrace, and died a few months after.

Prince Polignac, who married Winaretta Singer—and in time left her a happy widow, with his noble family all devoted to her. Even their old mother, after Isaac Singer died, went into the nobility by way of the duke of Campo-Selice. There are dukes and dukes. In the old kingdoms of Naples and Sicily three acres and a cow constituted a principality or dukedom.

American Girls in Demand.

All is not one-sided. It has been observed that when French families get a taste for our girls they go in for them quite wholesale. Thus Miss Hooper of Cincinnati was brought up in Paris, where her mother entertained so lavishly in one of the 12 mansions around the Arc de Triomphe.

Well, Comte Horace de Choiseul saw that his elder brother, the Duc de Choiseul-Praslin, was so happy with Miss Forbes of New York for such a long time, that he espoused Miss Hooper. Both these Choiseul-Praslin wives are absolutely happy, quite assimilated to French life, while keeping hold of all that is best in their patrimony of America; and it is known that their steady influence is part of that mysterious something that is putting new push into the French aristocracy. The de Choiseul-Praslins, for example, have yet a third nice American girl among them. Miss Couderc, the heiress of the New York-Paris law firm, also married into it; and yet more.

Wait. There is, indeed, a fourth! In the days of the kings who gave these titles, a king could have quickly decided whether the Prince de Beaulieu de Chalais is a real de Choiseul-Praslin. The courts of the French republic could not. Therefore, to this day, we do not know if Miss Winans of Baltimore married into this old family of the minister of Louis XIV.

the Duc de Dino, he could make Mrs. Frederic Livingston (nee Sampson) a real Almanach de Gotha duchess. She is very happy, too, though separated from him; and I never shall forget the frank American decision of character with which I once saw her jerk him from the Monte Carlo trente-et-quarante table, saying: "You have blown enough of my money; cut it!"

Two More Happy Marriages.

Two Misses Singer of the sewing machine trade, brought \$2,000,000 apiece into the Almanach de Gotha—and never regretted it. Isabel married the great social high priest, the Duc Decazes, who really caused the death of poor old Haritoff two years ago. Haritoff, who formerly had his own racing stable and could point out, in the Avenue of the Bois, three mansions he presented to three ladies in his prime, lived hard broke of late years; but everyone felt pitying and friendly to him.

At Monte Carlo Decazes, with a lively party on his yacht, invited Haritoff to dinner. After coffee, talking old times with a mature lady of the theater, poor Haritoff explained he had a system to beat roulette. With a 1,000-franc note he could aim to fortune. "Here's one," said the lady; but as days passed, after, and she saw no more of Haritoff, she sought him out and asked her money back. "The system broke," said the unhappy man; "the 1,000 francs are gone; please

or not; but it does not prevent her from being glad she did it. There is no kick coming from the Princesse de Beaulieu de Chalais.

Romance of Caroline Fraser.

All but two of the American women I have mentioned are the happy mothers of young nobles of proud lineage. Could you find a more romantic case than that of Caroline Fraser and her issue? When the princely Murats—history makers—took refuge in Bordentown, N. J., Caroline was married in the family. The heir married her—and stuck tight to her always. She is dead several years since; but her children, keeping her blue eyes and corn-yellow hair, have married everywhere.

The most romantic of these American-mothered Murat men espoused the utterly romantic Circassian Princess Daen, Zephira by name, lovely beyond words, daughter and sole heir of the sovereign house of Mingrella—which land you can hunt in southern Russia. He is there, a king to-day, the boy from Bordentown!

Of all the French counts, none stand higher in history or society than the Chambruns. When Louis XV. erected all those marquises, a Comte de Chambrun got one of the first, and the Chambruns always have had sense. They kept much of their land through the revolution; they had shifted a good lot of liquid cash of England, and at the restoration they were among the first to get a whack at the \$132,000,000 voted as compensation to the martyred nobility.

Chambrun's Good Sense.

To prove that horse sense has not left the family, the Marquis de Chambrun snapped up an American girl, of the Rives-Nichols family of Virginia, when he was attache at Washington.

Good. It worked. The family liked the innovation. "Go ahead," they said to the Comte de Chambrun, when he was old enough to marry; "find another like her!" What he found was Miss Longworth, Alice Roosevelt's sister-in-law.

The Chambruns are playing a most prominent part in the great effort to improve the social situation of the French working classes. At home, in their three chateaux, they are patriarchal masters of land as far as the eye can see. There are no wretched poor in their villages. Their farmers are the proud and prosperous masters of blood stock, newest agricultural machinery, silos, distilleries, grain mills, canning factories—and what do I know? The American girls who came to the Chambruns showed the way to the men, who profited intelligently and thankfully. No Chambrun has wasted a dollar of American money.

Founder of Musee Sociale.

In Paris the head of the family—who divided his time between the

Louis de La Grange and the Comtesse Jean de Kergrory? They were the daughters of Gov. Carroll of Maryland, descendants of Charles Carroll of Carrollton. They were six children, inheriting \$20,000,000.

Shall I tell you of the Marquis de Breteuil, who was Miss Garner of St. Louis? Suppose that she did bring the marquis \$1,000,000. We can afford it. Do you want the money? One of her sisters married Comte Leon von Moltke, who represents Denmark in Paris, and his brother, seeing it was good and fair, espoused Miss Bonaparte of Baltimore. The other sister, Edith Garner, married Gordon Cummings, made the present king of England's scapegoat in the baccarat affair of years ago.

The Marquis De Mores never had a good hour when not with his wife, Miss von Hoffman of New York. James Gordon Bennett's niece, Rita Bell, notoriously made a man of Count Paul d'Aramon—himself already half an American, as his mother had been a Miss Fisher. They lead a patriarchal life. The lady never lost a dollar of her money.

And so on. America is rich enough to let her daughters marry where they will. England spends billions to build up her prestige with a lot of iron-clads, men-of-war, cruisers and line-of-battle ships. If we Americans prefer to make a smarter, lovelier kind of reputation for our land and folk, why let our girls come and show Europe how to live! They do it. Whoop!

JUST CLEARING THE WAY.

After All, What Was One Tooth, More or Less?

"The late Edmund Clarence Stedman," said a Chicago publisher, "used to entertain his friends with amusing memories of country journalism. He once edited, you know, a little paper in Connecticut.

"At a dentist's banquet in New York, where he read an original poem, he told a story about an amateur Connecticut dentist, one of his oldest subscribers.

"This man's name was Jake. Jake was at work in a corn field one day when a neighboring farmer came to him, holding his jaw.

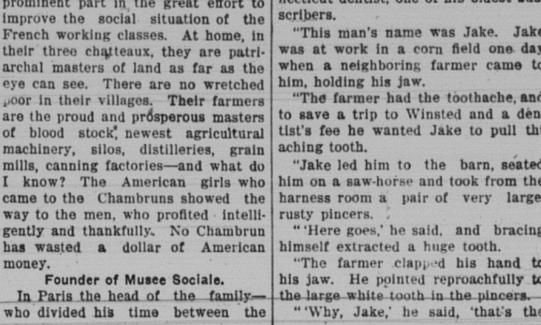
"The farmer had the toothache, and to save a trip to Winsted and a dentist's fee he wanted Jake to pull that aching tooth.

"Jake led him to the barn, seated him on a saw-horse and took from the harness room a pair of very large, rusty pincers.

"Here goes," he said, and bracing himself extracted a huge tooth.

"The farmer clapped his hand to his jaw. He pointed reproachfully to the large white tooth in the pincers.

"Why, Jake," he said, "that's the



magnificent chateau of l'Empereur Carriers and the Musee Sociale—was a great personage in several lights. He died a few years since. Socially a Paris leader, he found time to himself to make the Musee Sociale, where many American students have been welcomed to learn everything done in France in the line of university settlements, model houses, pure milk and all that sort of thing.

The funds of the Musee Sociale—in part American girls' money—have permitted several French sociologists to visit the United States to study what we do in the same lines. Its director, Leopold Mabileau, appointed by De Chambrun, gave one of the French lecture courses at Harvard.

I could thus go on for pages. For each American girl who has wasted love and fortune in undignified European title-buying, I can name you 15 others who, in France at least, have made love matches, reasonable bargains, settlements in life continuing happily and usefully.

Why belittle our girls who come here and marry, making the name of American a thing to be proud of, by their fortunes, by their adaptability?

Became French Social Leader.

Shall I speak of the Marquis de Ganay, who was a Miss Ridgeway of Philadelphia? She is now a grandmother, with children and grandchildren married into great French families, a portentious, awful social leader! Or shall I mention the Baronette

wrong one.

"I know," said Jake, bracing himself again; "but now I can get at the other handier."

"The Morning Tub."

A few years ago a sister of mine called in to see an old lady who lived in a little cottage in Lincolnshire, and in the course of conversation happened to mention that she had a cold sponge-down every morning.

"Law, miss!" said the old lady, "and does your mother know?"

"Yes, certainly; and she quite approves."

"Well," said the old lady, "a washes me fance ivvery daay, an' a washes mi neck once a week, but a've niver bin washed at ower since a was a baby."

This good old lady lived to the ripe old age of 93.—Letter to the London Daily News.

Proper Discrimination.

A party of New Yorkers who go down to Virginia each year for an extended fishing trip were one day discussing the merits of the various fish in the streams of the Old Dominion, when one of them finally turned to the old dorky who served the party as guide and boatman, and said:

"Zeks, don't you think yellow perch is altogether the best fish in this vicinity?"

"Yessah," promptly responded Zeks, "yaller perch am de bes' fish heah, always excus'n' de white shad."

—Illustrated Sunday Magazine

The Chelsea Standard.

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, Chelsea, Michigan.

BY O. T. HOOVER.

Terms—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents.

Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1902, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

CORRESPONDENCE.

IRON CREEK.

Rev. E. M. Parsons preached his farewell sermon last Sunday.

Mrs. L. D. Watkins visited relatives in Ann Arbor last week.

Richard and Olive Sutton spent Sunday at the home of J. Schaible.

Prof. B. Sutton and son, Bennie, of Britton, are visiting relatives here.

The Kappa Kappa Gamma will hold its next meeting with A. D. English on Friday evening, April 3. Maple syrup will be served.

SHARON.

Elmer Zorn spent the latter part of last week in Detroit.

Little Harold O'Neil, of Adrian, is visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. O'Neil.

Miss Norma O'Neil returned from Adrian, Saturday evening where she has been spending several weeks.

A. A. Brooks died last Wednesday of cerebral hemorrhage. He had gone to the barn to do chores and not coming back when they thought he should, they went to look for him and found him in an unconscious state, and he died a few hours later. He leaves a widow and six children. The interment was Friday at Sharon Center.

The republican and democrat nominees for this year are as follows: supervisor, J. W. Dresselhouse; clerk, Geo. Alber; treasurer, Elmer Bower; overseer of highways, Ernest Raymond; board of review, F. Smith; justice, H. O'Neil. For supervisor on the democrat ticket, Joe Myers; clerk, B. Gilhouse; treasurer, F. Dresselhouse; highway commissioner, Wm. Myers; overseer of highways, Geo. Kuhl; board of review, John Delker; justice, H. J. Reno.

NORTH SHARON

Hattie Ordway spent Sunday with his mother in Fishville.

Mrs. Agnes Cramer, of Detroit, is visiting relatives here this week.

Floyd Pardee and wife were guests at the home of E. D. Huston, Sunday.

Mrs. Minnie Gage spent several days of last week with her mother in Francisco.

H. Falkner returned home last week after spending a few months with relatives in New York.

Clarence Hall, wife and daughter spent Sunday in Grass Lake—the guest of Wm. Wolff and sister.

Mrs. Herbert Harvey and children spent Wednesday and Thursday of last week with her sister, Mrs. A. Holden.

The North Sharon Sunday school was reorganized last Sunday. The officers are as follows: superintendent, J. E. Irwin; assistant, Hattie Ordway; secretary, Rena Lemm; treasurer, Homer Lehman; chorister, John Lemm; organist, Edith Lawrence.

LYNDON.

(To late for last week.)

Fred Conlan is visiting relatives in Jackson.

H. Leek and J. R. Clark are busy nowadays shearing sheep.

Herbert Yocum has moved on the John Rockwell farm.

J. J. Raftery, of Chelsea, is repairing the house on his fruit farm.

George Stanfield sold a fine bunch of fat lambs to Frank Leach of Chelsea this week.

Howard Collings was here Thursday and Friday of last week helping John R. Clark get his wood sawing outfit started.

C. E. Whitaker and wife and Wm. Remnant and wife, of Chelsea, spent Sunday afternoon at the home of John Clark and family.

Henry Stoffer is making extensive repairs on the house on the Gorman place, which he recently purchased of the Gorman sisters. M. J. Howe of Chelsea is doing the work.

Joseph Simmons, while watering a team of horses belonging to Herbert Young, last Sunday, had the misfortune of being kicked, and has been laid up for this week.

Cures baby's croup, Willie's daily cuts and bruises, mama's sore throat, grand-ma's lameness—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—The great household remedy.

SOUTHWEST SYLVAN.

Mrs. Joseph Weber was in Detroit last week.

Martin Merkel is erecting a new sheep barn.

Mrs. Peter Merkel was a Jackson visitor last week.

Miss Stella Weber spent Sunday at her home here.

John Heselschwerdt has begun work for Fred Welhoff.

Martin Merkel purchased a horse last week of Chelsea parties.

Miss Mary Weber, of the Ypsilanti Normal is enjoying a vacation.

Miss Florence Cooper was a guest at the home of G. Gage, Sunday.

Miss Helen Kern was the guest of Misses Blanche and Anna Wortley.

Fred Schaufele, of Manchester, spent Sunday with C. Heselschwerdt.

Mrs. Wood and son, Ralph, of Lima, were guests at O. Fisk's Sunday.

Albert Forner purchased three head of cattle of J. Kern last Thursday.

James Scouten, of Stockbridge, spent Tuesday at the home of M. Heselschwerdt.

It was decided at the special school meetings of districts No. 5 and 7 that the taxpayers of the districts would make up the losses caused by the failure of the Chelsea Savings Bank.

NORTH LAKE.

Miss Mildred Daniels is home for a vacation from her school duties at Ypsilanti.

Little Elsa Glenn, of Chelsea, spent last week with her grandparents here.

Mrs. Robert Hawley and daughter, of Toledo, are guests at the home of F. A. Burkhart.

Claud Burkhart greeted his many friends here Sunday. He is out for a week's vacation.

The family of Ben Isham is moving to the farm of Mr. King on the North Lake road.

Fred Glenn and daughter, Pearl, and P. E. Noah and wife attended church at Pinckney on Sunday.

A good many farm horses have changed owners about here this spring. The prices remain good.

A son of Wm. Marshall attended Sunday school here Sunday. He expects to stay with F. A. Glenn this summer.

Mr. Bissel, on the Glenn brook stock ranche for the last few years, has moved with his family to his farm near Ypsilanti.

Miss Wallace and school-mate came to P. E. Noah's, Saturday and Sunday went to Pinckney to visit Mrs. George Brown.

We are glad to note that Mrs. Wm. Brown is recovering her health. Mr. Brown's mother having gone back to her home in Chelsea.

Mrs. Wm. Lewick and daughters spent Saturday evening with our writer and wife and brought a basket of russets just from the pit.

The men of the North Lake Aid Society will hold their second annual social at the home of E. W. Daniels on Friday evening, April 3. The men will furnish refreshments and entertainment and the ladies will pay the bill. Everybody is cordially invited.

It might have been worse, the fire that started on the Stevenson farm Thursday. Swept by the high wind across a stubble field adjacent to the barn and house, it was discovered in time to prevent farther damage than to the young clover on the field. It ran within a few feet of Grange hall, but the watchful care of the fighters kept it from spreading farther. For a time it looked and felt warm.

A lazy liver leads to chronic dyspepsia and constipation—weakens the whole system. Doan's Regulets (25 cents per box) correct the liver, tone the stomach, cure constipation.

Non-alcoholic Sarsaparilla

If you think you need a tonic, ask your doctor. If you think you need something for your blood, ask your doctor. If you think you would like to try Ayer's non-alcoholic Sarsaparilla, ask your doctor. Consult him often. Keep in close touch with him.



Ask your doctor to name some of the results of constipation. His long list will begin with sick-headache, biliousness, dyspepsia, thin blood, bad skin. Then ask him if he would recommend your using Ayer's Pills.

Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.
NEW GOODS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Why are we busy when all other stores are complaining? Isn't it because we always have everything customers ask for, and on account of our usually low prices? Notice a few Prices below.

Women's Suits and Coats for Spring

We're ready for every woman who is looking for a New Spring Suit or coat, with a great variety of models and styles. We have all the newest New York Styles in Coats, from the short, tight, jaunty Coat, to the long, dressy, silk Coat.

We have this week put on sale a lot of Women's Newest Style Suits, all wool, at \$10.00, 12.50 and 15.00, the same suits that city stores are asking \$15.00 to \$20.00 for.

Special values in Stylish Suits, with Pleated or Gored Skirts at \$17.50, 20.00 and 25.00.

Cotton Goods.

The other day we told you cottons would be cheaper. They will be—a little cheaper now in regular lines; but the Down Easters are arranging to curtail production by a fourth, and if that plan carries, prices won't tumble far.

We have some very good values to offer for Saturday only, while stock on hand lasts.

20 dozen full-size Bleached Pillow Cases, 20c value, Saturday, 10c each.

Best Mohawk Case, 45x36 inch, 22c value, Saturday price 17c.

Best in America Utica Case, 45x36 inch, 29c value, Saturday, 22c.

It will pay you to lay in a year's supply.

Women's and Children's Hosiery

Whether it be the plain staple black or the more fanciful effects, this store is ready with new and very attractive designs. Tan colored Stocking are a feature. We have usual and unusual shades of light, medium, dark tan, blonde and champagne. Plain list, embroidered instep.



Don't Be Everlastingly Darning.

Buy Women's Men's, Boys' and Children's Cadet Guaranteed Stockings. We give a new pair of Stockings absolutely free for any pair of Cadets that have not worn satisfactorily. Always 25c pair.

Shirt Waists

Have gone on advancing in beauty every season. Hard to imagine how it could surpass this spring's offerings in fineness of fabric or in grace and beauty of design.

New lace and muslin Waists are coming in daily—black, white, cream and ecru. Prices range \$1.00 to 7.50.

The Corset

The Silent Partner.

Today's news tells the story of some of the smartest gowns in the world. Just a whisper—don't forget that the corset is the "silent partner;" the foundation of dress. No gown can do itself or its wearer justice without the corset's friendly aid.

Fastidious women know that the Kabo and R. & G. with their "clinging" styles are invaluable for creating the new figure.

Price \$1.00 to \$2.50.

The much talked of Nemo at \$3.00 is a splendid Corset for stout women. We have both models, one for tall and one for short stout women. Every pair guaranteed.

We also have a full line of W. B. Corsets and R. & G. Corsets, priced at \$1.00 to \$3.00.

Rug and Curtain Dept.

Floor Rugs. Standard Makes. Unusual Prices.

All selected with great care from the largest rug houses in the country. They are bright, fresh, clean and true colorings, and in a variety of designs, among them you can find Rugs for any room in the house. Prices are, 9x12 Rugs, \$13.50 to \$40.00. A large assortment of Ingrain Art Squares in all sizes at lowest prices.

Lace Curtains

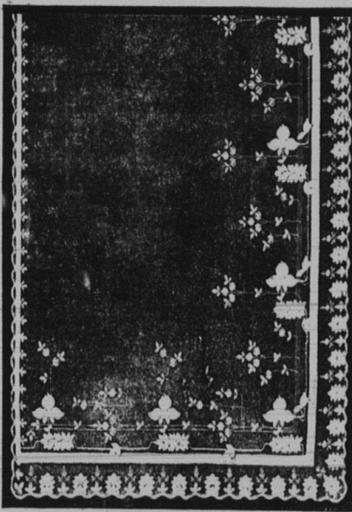
Purchased direct from manufacturer.

All are this season's designs, and no matter where you look you can not find such handsome styles nor as many of them, as here.

Best choosing for early buyers. Prices 59c to \$9.00 the pair.

Linoleums

We are Chelsea agents for Cook's Linoleums the kind that wears. Large assortment of Patterns. We have three widths, and can cover your room to advantage.



Boys' Clothing.

With the same idea for goodness and exclusiveness that designed our young men's clothes, are made up our handsome styles of spring garments for the Little Fellows.

They have been made by tailors who specialize boys' garments—doing nothing from year to year but making boys' clothing—making it right. Double and single-breasted suits, Norfolk, sailor and Russian blousé suits. Handsome spring fabrics. Many new features.

We fit little fellows from 2 1/2 years of age upwards. We clothe them correctly.

Suits \$2.50 up to \$6.00

We invite mothers to call to see the new styles for the youngsters—we'll take great pleasure in showing the new styles. It's always a pleasure to do so.

See Our Confirmation Suits.

Spring Trousers

Are here in great variety. Handsome patterns every one of them.

You'll be surprised to see what excellent and stylish Trousers we are showing at these very moderate prices.

\$2.50 to \$5.00.

Gloves—Do you know that our 5c Work Gloves is exactly the same as you have to pay all other Chelsea dealers 10c for. Our 10c quality is the same as their 15c ones.

Choice Spring Furnishings

We've always an eye open for the choice things—the new things—the best things in Men's Haberdashery.

We ask no exclusive haberdasher's prices—nothing fancy in the price line at all. It will cost you no more to wear correct furnishings, if you buy here, than it will to wear the other sort.

NEW SPRING SHOWING

Shirts, Neckwear, Underwear, Hosiery

Shoe Department.

Our Guarantee Back of Every Pair of Shoes We Sell Stylish, Serviceable, Comfortable Footwear.

We are showing all the new spring models in the popular leathers—Patent Colt, Russia Calf, Vici Kid and Gun Metal—both in High Shoes and Oxfords.

This is a Tan Oxford season. Buy early while the assortment is complete.

No woman can afford to neglect her shoes, unless she hands in her resignation to polite society, and more women wear "Pingree Made" Shoes than any other make.

There is a reason for this. The shoe that fits well, looks well, wears well.

All Styles in both High Shoes and Oxfords. Pingree Composites, always \$3.00. Pingree Gloria, always \$3.50, a few at \$4.00. Some Pingree Oxfords \$2.50. At \$2.50 the "Princess Louise" for women is the best shoe made at the price. Made in all Leathers, Button or Lace, and in Oxfords, at \$2.50.

Men's Shoes

For fine wear you can not do better than to buy the Packard or Pingree.

We are showing the Packard in all Leathers, both in High Shoes and Oxfords. Price \$3.50 and \$4.00.

You need not pay over \$4.00 to buy the best shoe made. Try a "Pingree Governor" and be convinced. Men's Work Shoes, \$1.75 to \$3.50.

Shoes for the Children and Babies—We give special attention to this department, and you can find all styles and shapes here to fit any foot.



Spring Clothing for the Man Who Wants His Money's Worth.

Don't care how particular a man may be—if he insists upon having his money's worth in style as well as quality, this is the Clothing store that can serve him best. We do not buy for one class of trade or for only two—we are specialists in Clothing for all, for everybody, who wants honest, reliable clothing, fashions of the day and a square deal in the price-way. Necessarily our stock is immense and not in this town, at least, can any other store show such a great variety of new Spring styles, fabrics, colors and patterns in Men's Suits, and Rain Coats.

\$10 to \$20

Men's Cravenettes

made of genuine Priestley Cravenette Cloth, plain gray and neat stripe effects. A sensible coat for any man.

\$10 to \$20.



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NEW SPRING CLOTHING

SPRING STYLES

ARE READY.

We wish to announce our extensive showing of high-grade clothing, representing the latest fashions in

Suits, Top Coats and Cravenettes.

It will certainly pay you to come and see our stock.

Hats, Caps and Furnishings.



SPECIAL SHOWING OF

CONFIRMATION SUITS.

For Young Men and Boys'.

We are showing the very latest styles in Young Men's and Boys' Suits for Confirmation. You are cordially invited to call and examine these garments before purchasing.

MEN AND BOYS' SHOES.

Our line of Shoes for Men and Boys consists of the celebrated Nettleton, Thompson Bros., Harold-Bertsch Hard Pan and Dancer Bros. Every pair guaranteed to give satisfaction. Perfect fit. Latest styles. Prices right. Call and see them.

DANCER BROS.

The Only Exclusive Clothing, Furnishing Goods and Shoe House in Western Washtenaw County.

Wanted---Red Wheat

The White Milling Co. is in the market at all times for Wheat, and will pay the highest market price.

See Us Before You Sell Your RED WHEAT.

We have on hand a good stock of bran and middlings, which we are selling at \$1.25 per hundred.

Flour and Feed Grinding done on short notice. Give us a trial. We can please you.

WHITE MILLING CO.

To Our Patrons

We wish to make this our banner year in business. At the close of 1908 we shall have been in business 35 years, this is a long time, and we feel grateful to the people of Chelsea and vicinity for their liberal patronage to make these many years successful ones. We appreciate it we assure you, and now ask you to kindly give us a call when in need of anything in our line, for we have decided to make this our 35th year in trade the greatest one, by selling more goods and doing a larger volume of business so we may really call this our BANNER YEAR.

We shall do our part. All we ask of the public is to give us the opportunity, and we will convince you that W. J. Knapp's Store is the place to do your trading for 1908.

Our aim the balance of this year will be to give better values, more goods for your money than before. We will not be undersold in any line we carry. Our space will not permit us to enumerate all the lines we carry and all the special low prices we shall make. But our Furniture, Hardware, Implements, Paints, Sash, Doors, Buggies and Wagons, and Harness Departments will be well stocked and many lines will be sold this year regardless of cost. We again thank you for past favors, and hope to have the pleasure to meet every one at our store, and share in our money saving scheme to you. It is not profit we are after, but volume.

Very respectfully,

W. J. KNAPP.

Established January 3, 1874.

We invite farmers to call and see our \$30.00 Riding Plow, the best ever.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Mrs. Albert Widmayer has been quite ill the past week.

W. F. Riemenschneider is confined to the house, by illness.

Edward Monroe had another slight stroke of paralysis Friday.

C. L. Bryan has moved to the F. H. Baldwin farm, east of town.

Kantlehner Bros., have just placed in position a new roller awning.

Mrs. E. F. Chase has been quite ill the past week, but is now improving.

B. B. Turnbull has been quite ill for several days, but is now improved.

Harrison West of Stockbridge fell and dislocated his right elbow last week.

Dwight Miller, formerly of this place, has been elected captain of the Union City ball team.

Mrs. Sarah T. Lambert, mother of Miss Mabel Lounsbury, died at her home in Ann Arbor last Thursday.

C. E. Whitaker has purchased a new Reo car, which he will bring here as soon as the roads get settled.

The Lima and Vicinity Farmers' Club will meet at the home of Lewis Yager, sr., Wednesday, April 8, at the usual hour.

Delos Mills, who has been at Klamath Fall, Oregon, for some time, spent Sunday here with his daughter, Mrs. F. W. Roedel.

Miss Florence Atkinson was absent from her accustomed place at the post office Monday and Tuesday, on account of illness.

Floyd Anderson and wife and Wm. Anderson and wife, of Belleville, spent a few days last week with Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Egloff.

There will be no school Friday, on account of the high school teachers attending the School Masters' Club at Ann Arbor.

Thos. Howe and family have moved to the residence on west Middle street, owned by J. W. Schenk, known as the Paine place.

There were sixty-one deaths in Washtenaw county during the month of February. During the same time there were fifty-six births.

A card from Earl F. Chase, of Detroit, states that he has purchased a confectionary and cigar store in that city, and is doing a nice business.

R. C. Smith, who has been station agent at the electric depot for some time, has resigned, and Fred Broesamle has entered upon the duties.

Mrs. S. J. LaTour will hold a school of instruction at Maccabee hall, Wednesday, April 8, afternoon and evening. All members of the L. O. T. M. M. are requested to be present.

Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Freeman entertained a number of their friends at their home on South street, Thursday evening. Among the number were Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McKain, of Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. U. D. Streeter were the recipients of a "Postal" shower in honor of the 39th anniversary of their wedding. They received about 100 of these tokens from friends in Detroit, Ann Arbor, Fowlerville and other places.

The decision of the lower court in the case of Wade vs. D., Y., A. A. & J. Ry., has been affirmed by the supreme court. This case grew out of the killing of Leo Wade, son of James L. Wade, by an electric car, about two and one-half years ago.

The free-seat offering at the M. E. church, Tuesday evening was a very pleasant occasion, and there was a great demand for the chicken pie that is always served on these occasions. The treasury of the church was swelled by the addition of \$212 as the result of the evening's work.

On Saturday of this week all who have not enrolled or who have changed their residence since last enrollment two years ago, will have a chance to do so with the board of registration at the town hall. No one will be allowed to take part in the September primaries when county officers, legislative ticket and governor are nominated unless they are enrolled.

E. A. Parks of Waterloo has been appointed administrator in the estate of Frederick Mayer, deceased, whose wife suicided by taking carbolic acid some weeks ago, and whose death was followed closely by that of her daughter. Mrs. Mayer was the administratrix of her husband's estate, and now there are in reality three estates for settlement. Mr. Parks succeeds Mrs. Mayer as administrator, and later administrators will have to be appointed in her estate and that of her daughter.

Philip Schweinfurth will move to Chelsea this spring.

Miss Mary Sawyer, of McKinley street, is seriously ill.

Born, on March 23d, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry West, a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Vogel entertained the Quadrangle Club Friday evening.

Little Florence, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Turnbull, has been seriously ill the past week.

Henry Hudson has moved into the house on the Tucker farm on the Chelsea and Dexter road.

The Manchester bowling team came over here Thursday and were defeated by the Chelsea team by one pin.

Miss Comelia Feldkamp is moving into the residence recently erected by Paul Schaible, on Chandler street.

W. P. Schenk has sold his onion land in the southwest part of the village, to Albert Nicolai. Consideration, \$1,200.

Rush Green caught his wrist on a nail Saturday, and tore it so badly that several stitches were needed to draw the wound together.

Farmers are advised to test every ear of their seed corn this spring by planting a few kernels from each in boxes in the house. The poor crop of last year was so universal that this plan is advisable no matter where you procured the seed.

On account of the destruction of song birds in this country it is said by those in a position to know that millions of dollars are lost through the destruction of crops by insects and worms yearly. The birds are the natural destroyers of insects and worm pests.

Chas. Steinbach was in Detroit, Tuesday.

Russell Galatian was in Ann Arbor, Sunday.

Rev. A. A. Schoen was in Detroit, Monday.

Miss Liela Geddes spent Saturday at Ann Arbor.

Howard Holmes spent Sunday in Battle Creek.

Fred Taylor, of Jackson, was a Chelsea visitor Friday.

O. C. Burkhardt was an Ann Arbor visitor Monday.

Paul Pomeroy, of Detroit, was a Chelsea visitor Wednesday.

Mrs. J. J. Galatian is visiting relatives in Milan and Ann Arbor.

Dr. Faye Palmer, of Grass Lake was a Chelsea visitor Sunday.

Rev. C. S. Jones, of Detroit, was a Chelsea visitor Tuesday.

Rev. and Mrs. F. Stiles are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Laird.

Dr. Orin Riemenschneider, of Detroit, spent Sunday at this place.

Dr. Henry Wood, of Detroit, was the guest of his parents here over Sunday.

Misses Jennie Geddes and Beryl McNamara were Ann Arbor visitors Saturday.

Mrs. Henry Ackerman, of Detroit, was the guest of Chelsea relatives this week.

Daniel McDonough, of Detroit, spent Saturday and Sunday with C. Fenn and family.

Charles Foren and wife, of Detroit was the guests of Chelsea relatives last Sunday.

D. A. Warner, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of his son, W. B. Warner and family.

Miss Nina Hammond, of Jackson, is spending this week with her uncle, Bert West.

Miss Mary Stimson, of Lansing, was the guest of her mother several days of this week.

Miss Minnie Steinbach, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday at the home of Chas. Steinbach.

Mrs. Helen Allen, of Saline, is the guest of her brother, F. H. Sweetland and family.

Mrs. Anna Rademacher, of Detroit, was the guest of her mother, Mrs. Geo. Barthel, Sunday.

Miss Elizabeth Hunting, of Jackson, was the guest of Miss Charlotte Steinbach last Sunday.

Mesdames Cone and Myron Lighthall are spending today with Mrs. A. D. Miles, of Dexter.

Miss Grace Cresson, of Detroit, was a guest at the home of J. J. Galatian the first of the week.

Chas. Steinbach and daughter, Helene, attended the Kubelik concert at Ann Arbor, Saturday evening.

Miss Beatrice Bacon, of Lapeer, is spending this week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bacon.

Miss Edith Shaw, of Belding, spent the first of the week here with her sister, Mrs. Ralph Freeman.

Miss Mabel Bacon took in the Kubelik concert at the Whitney Opera House at Ann Arbor, Saturday evening.

s. F. A. Howlett, of Ann Arbor, and Mrs. D. A. Youum, of Jackson, visited relatives in Chelsea last week.

Mrs. Orla Jacobs, of Plainfield, and Miss Blanche Glenn, of Stockbridge, spent Tuesday and Wednesday with Myron Lighthall and family.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY

SHOES

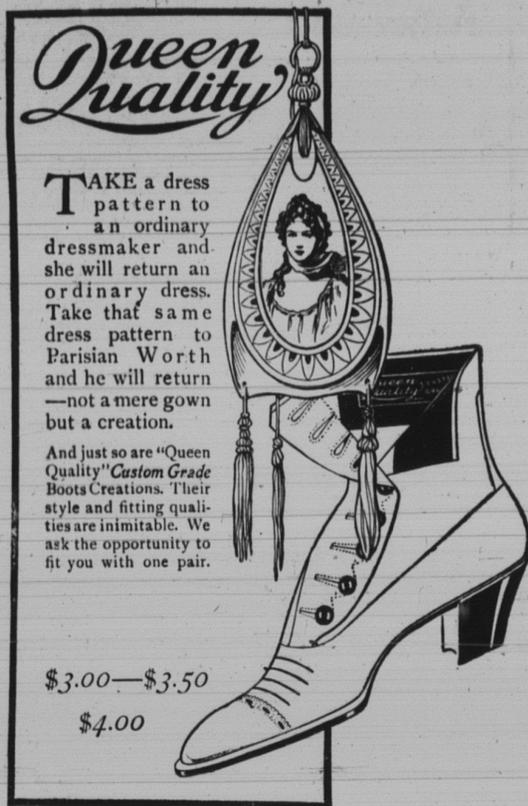
Not only Queen Quality Shoes for Women but we have Shoes for everybody. The largest and most complete assortment shown in Chelsea.

Women's Shoes at \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, that are snappy, stylish and good wearing shoes.

Women's Oxfords at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50, both tan and black.

Misses' and Children's Shoes at lower prices than you must pay elsewhere.

Boys' shoes that will stand the knocks and wear better and cost less than those you have been buying at other places.



\$3.00—\$3.50

\$4.00

Men's Shoes and Oxfords that are strictly up to date, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00.

Men's Working Shoes at \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75. Guaranteed solid throughout, and better shoes for the price we ask than were ever shown in Chelsea.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY

WIRT S. McLAREN, CANDIDATE FOR Township Clerk.

Respectfully Solicits Your Vote at the Polls.

Handmade Buggies AND Wagons

AT FACTORY PRICES.



I have now ready and for sale the largest stock of handmade Buggies and Wagons ever shown in Chelsea. Anyone in need of a Buggy or Wagon cannot afford to fail to look over my goods before buying.

All goods guaranteed for a period of time to prove to you, that you get value received, no matter what you buy from me. You can find me every day in the week, but not the out-of-town factory made goods.

BRING IN YOUR PAINTING.

I have the best painter obtainable and will guarantee you as good a job for the money as can be got anywhere in the country.

Yours for good Goods and Honest Prices.

A. G. FAIST.

Please Mark Your Ticket as Indicated

Herbert D. Witherell

FOR

TOWNSHIP TREASURER

Democrat Ticket.

I have a big Republican majority to overcome and would appreciate your assistance next Monday.



your attention. Not the half-fellow-well-met, but a regular, fair-and-square invitation to cut your cares in half by connection with our well-known Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank and learn the advantages of paying bills by check. We invite your account now.

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

H. S. HOLMES, Pres.
C. H. KEMP, Vice Pres.
Geo. A. BRIGGS, Cashier.
JOHN L. FLETCHER, Asst. Cashier

IF YOU WANT A FIRST-CLASS

LIVERY RIG

Call Phone 101

For a first-class place to keep your horses and rigs while in town try our

10c BARN

If You Want

to buy a good driving or work horse come to my sale barn.

Ed. Weiss, Prop

Chelsea, Mich.

LANGUID AND WEAK.

A Condition Common with Kidney Trouble and Backache.

Mrs. Marie Siffle, 416 Miller St., Helena, Mont., says: "Three years ago my back grew weak and lame and I could not stoop without a sharp pain..."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Paper Carried by Darky Mounted Almost to Perpetual Permit.

"A negro just loves a watermelon," said Representative Johnson of South Carolina. "Strange too, that when a policeman sees a negro with a melon at an unreasonable hour he has it right down that darky has stolen that watermelon..."

Promoting German Sculpture. Emperor William has received Prof. Schott, the well-known sculptor, who with Prof. Rheinhold begins also a sculptor, is actively engaged in promoting an exhibition of German sculpture in New York...

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.

Way-side Chat. "Ever thrown out of a saloon?" "I've been thrown out of 'most everything 'ceptin' work."

FOUR GIRLS

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Read What They Say.

Miss Lillian Ross, 530 East 84th Street, New York, writes: "Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound overcame my irregularities, periodic suffering, and nervous headaches..."

Katharine Craig, 2355 Lafayette St., Denver, Col., writes: "Thanks to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I am well again after suffering for months from nervous prostration..."

Miss Marie Stoltzman, of Laurel, Ia., writes: "I was run down with depression, indigestion, and poor circulation. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me well and strong..."

Miss Ellen M. Olson, of 417 N. East St., Kansas, Ill., says: "Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me of backache, side ache, and established my periods after the best local doctors had failed to help me..."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

CARTER'S LITTLE PINK PILLS. They also relieve Diarrhoea from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heavy Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Headache, Taste in the Mouth, Coat-ed Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature

Small Pills. Small Dose. Small Price.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

SERIAL STORY

Mr. Barnes, American

By Archibald Clavering Gunter A Sequel to Mr. Barnes of New York

Author of "Mr. Barnes of New York," "Mr. Potter of Texas," "That Frenchman," Etc.

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SYNOPSIS.

Burton H. Barnes, a wealthy American touring Corsica, rescues the young English lieutenant, Edward Gerard Anstruther, and his Corsican bride, Marina, daughter of the Paolista from the murderous vendetta, understanding that his reward is to be the hand of the girl he loves, Enid, daughter of a noted English lieutenant. The four fly from Ajaccio to Marseilles on board the French steamer Constantine. The vendetta pursues and as the quartet are about to board the train for London at Marseilles, starting for a hidden and mysterious end which causes her to collapse and necessitates a postponement of the journey. Barnes and Enid are married. Soon after their wedding Barnes' bride disappears. Barnes discovers she has been kidnapped and taken to Corsica. The groom pursues a sailing vessel and is about to start in pursuit of his bride's captors when he hears a scream from the villa and rushes back to hear the Anstruther wife, Marina, is also missing. Barnes is compelled to depart for Corsica without delay and to leave the search for Marina to her husband while he goes to hunt for Enid. Just before Barnes' boat starts, a Corsican's store Marina is discovered hiding in a corner of the vessel. She explains her capture by saying she has come to help Barnes rescue his wife from the Corsicans. When Barnes and Marina arrive at the villa and find the missing Enid, Barnes informs her that the kidnapping is for the purpose of entrapping Barnes. Barnes and Marina have unusual adventures in their search for Enid. They come in sight of a high mountain in the distance, the top of which is a high cliff. Barnes and Marina have unusual adventures in their search for Enid. They come in sight of a high mountain in the distance, the top of which is a high cliff. Barnes and Marina have unusual adventures in their search for Enid. They come in sight of a high mountain in the distance, the top of which is a high cliff.

"No, I think not. I don't believe there was a shrub of any kind within a hundred feet of it. Why do you ask?"

"Why, because that's the cyclamen flower, one of the kind of which Marina bore whole branches in her carriage. Was there a branch attached to it?"

"I think there was. Hang it, I remember, I pulled it off. I—what are you driving at?"

"Well could that flower have been dropped at the entrance of the Morosaglia road with design by your wife out of her carriage?"

The English seaman gasps for breath, but tired as he is and stiff as he is he staggers up and says hurriedly: "Come!" and the two, through the night again, for it has grown very dark, ride down to Ponte-alla-Lecchia. "By heaven, I wish we had hope of my sister also," says Edwin as they

CHAPTER XVI.—Continued.

So they spring off their horses and dear old Monsieur Staffe, recognizing the American, is about to offer them rooms when they both suddenly question him and learn to their concern that no lady has arrived from the interior this day at his hotel.

"She is drawn by two horses driven by an old Corsican with a beard several weeks old," says Barnes.

"It doesn't matter how she was driven; no lady has arrived here, gentlemen."

"Then Marina must have gone to inquire at the steamer offices as to when I'll arrive," cries Edwin.

"Mon Dieu!" ejaculates Monsieur Staffe, his eyes lighting up, "you are the young English naval officer whose wedding to Mademoiselle Paoli created such an excitement in the island two weeks ago. Believe me, Monsieur, your wife is not in Bastia, or I should have heard of it. Everybody here honors the name of Paoli—and your sweet spouse is very much loved for her own dear self."

Despite Monsieur Staffe's assertions, the two young men stride out of his hotel, and though desperately fatigued, make inquiries at the offices of the Fraissinet and the Florio-Rubalino companies, but no lady asking for arriving boats has been there, at all events, none answering Marina's description.

"We may have passed her on the road," remarks Barnes sympathetically, his anxious making him feel for his companion. "We'll give her two hours of rest, the poor fellow stretches his limbs wearily. I'm flesh and blood, Anstruther. You didn't climb mountains all yesterday, as I did."

But Edwin, being unaccustomed to horseback exercise, though wiry enough upon the ship's deck, is stiff and sore. Compelled from very fatigue, the young men contrive to limp back to the Hotel de France, where they are very well taken care of, and two hours' sleep measurably revives them. Barnes has had a shave and would look almost debonair when he comes down to breakfast at noon; but the cavities which hold his eyes abnormally brightened by anxiety give the lie to any appearance of lightness. Anstruther is even more worried than before—and now as the day draws on without his wife appearing, a look of fear comes into the young man's face that is horrible.

Gazing at him, Barnes mutters: "Are you good for another ride?" "Yes—where?"

"We must take the back track," says the American. "We rode too rapidly this morning, thinking Marina was just ahead of us, for a critical investigation."

"Get under way," answers the lieutenant, and the two ride out of Bastia, making inquiries at every village and learning nothing.

In fact, the peasants, as they get nearer Ponte-alla-Lecchia, are too much excited over the election of the morrow to talk about much else. "Voting-day is to be enlivened by a race riot of the Lucchese," says one whom Barnes is questioning on the highway just where the Morosaglia road leaves it leading to the Tuscan sea.

Edwin is dismounted and is slouching morosely about the road to ease his tortured legs. "Why don't they wipe out these multitudinous Lucchese?" says the officer in quarterdeck tones as they get on their horses again.

"Then the native Corsicans would have to work. These Lucchese come over here from Italy and do the manual labor for them. But I can find no trace of your loved one or of mine," adds Barnes, almost despairingly, as they ride along the road, their inquiries growing more close and persistent till they reach Corte.

Together, disconsolately, the poor fellows force themselves to try to eat. The election excitement is growing higher, a brass band comes past, at its head a piper, "Vote for Salicetti!" and Barnes gnashes his teeth.

But turning from this, he rather curiously says suddenly: "Anstruther, you've got a flower in your button-hole."

"Oh, yes, I was so miserable I hardly knew what I was doing. I picked up this crimson thing in the road when you were talking to the peasant who was telling you of the Lucchese riots down at Orezza."

"There was no tree bearing the flower where you picked it up?" asks the American suddenly.

"No, I think not. I don't believe there was a shrub of any kind within a hundred feet of it. Why do you ask?"

"Why, because that's the cyclamen flower, one of the kind of which Marina bore whole branches in her carriage. Was there a branch attached to it?"

"I think there was. Hang it, I remember, I pulled it off. I—what are you driving at?"

"Well could that flower have been dropped at the entrance of the Morosaglia road with design by your wife out of her carriage?"

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The branches of the sweet-smelling posies he still encounters on the trail hurry him up hill and down hill, over running mountain streams, through wooded vales. Yet at last Nature must have its need—despite all efforts of the rider, his head droops and his figure becomes lax in the saddle.

His steed with a whinny of joy almost runs down into a little valley and drawing suddenly up before a high campanile stone building, Anstruther falls off his horse into the arms of a good monk of the Convent of Piedicroce, who mutters: "Thank the Saints, you got here alive in time to drink the water of Orezza." For Anstruther's appearance between fearful fatigue and racking anxiety is now that of a man high on death.

The hospitable friars put the invalid to bed and at high noon the next day the invalid, after another glass or two of the famous youth-giving Orezza water, which here springs bubbling from the earth, eats the noonday meal the good friars set before him, rises, gives them the blessing of a strong man and hurries on.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

There is a new office building in Wall street that is piling luxury on luxury in the way of fittings and general accessories to the point where it bids fair to be a close rival to the marble and plush palaces of hotels uptown. The latest outbreak in this direction is the uniforming of the official bootblack of the building in a page's liver, blue trousers with a gold piping on the seams, a page's short tunic with ever so many round gilt buttons down the front and a dark blue straight visored cap with the name of the company that owns the structure in gold letters on the front. Of course, this bootblack page is an Italian, and he looks extremely hot and uncomfortable in his padded coat.

Yes, Why Not? Not long ago a well-known playwright decided that he would like to have a theater of his own in which to produce his own plays. He didn't have money enough to build it, but he had a wealthy friend in Wall street. As soon as the idea set in on him, the playwright visited Wall street and laid the scheme before his friend. The Wall street man put his feet on his mahogany desk and listened attentively. He admitted that he had a few hundred thousand dollars lying around loose, yet wasn't particularly enthusiastic on the theater project. "Why write plays?" he demanded, at last. "Write checks."

After giving these directions, the American, desperately fatigued and mightily sleepy, jogs his steed in the direction of Ile Rousse, 20 miles to the northwest. In the moonlight, the distracted man, though he dismounts often, discovers no cyclamen flowers lying in the road. But he doggedly keeps on, hoping to find some of the flowers that may indicate he is following Marina.

"It's the only clue we have now to Marina, and it may lead me to Cipriano," he mutters, as he struggles to keep himself in the saddle.

Finally, arriving at Belgodere in the early morning and learning from the innkeeper that no carriage has passed through, exhausted, worn out and disappointed, even Barnes succumbs to nature. He has been 48 hours under headway, 30 of these on horseback and eight of them climbing precipices; and despite despair and anxiety, sleep claims him—the terrible sleep of utter exhaustion.

It is late when he opens his eyes again and with a start wonders where he is. He looks over the brilliant mountains, he sees the vines and only a few miles away, the waters beside which stands Isola Rossa. The innkeeper says "Breakfast, Signore, and serves him with crabs and lobsters from the Gulf of Firenze. Mine host's little daughter places a bouquet of wild flowers on the table. In it gleams the red cyclamen. Barnes remembers and orders a fresh horse.

While this is being saddled he forces himself to eat. "Anstruther has followed me," he reasons. "I'll have a long ride to overtake him and when we meet Cipriano Danella I want to be fit to kill." Mounting a fresh steed, he gallops off, retracing his steps, all the time in his heart one question: "Where is his stolen bride?"

The night before, Edwin, turning to the east, begins to climb the awful hill leading to the Morosaglia. A few minutes after he has left the Corte road, in the faint glow of the coming moonlight, he springs off his horse and utters an exclamation of delight. As he pulls himself sailor fashion into the saddle, he has a branch of crimson flowers in his hand. He is not certain even now that they indicate Marina; though they have fallen from no overhanging bough, only beech and Larricicio firs being near him, he knows cyclamen flowers are very common in the island, and the little barefooted boys and girls sometimes carry them in their hands.

In the group of hamlets on the hill-sides called Morosaglia, Anstruther does not pause.

But as he reaches the confines of the village, the young husband starts and his eyes, which had dulled, glisten with hope. Here are two paths, a trail leading to the north, the other and broader one pointing east toward the Tuscan sea. Along the latter, cyclamen branches have been dropped several times in a short hundred yards.

Their number is significant; they have been strewn quite continuously from the forks of the road. "My darling's message to me," murmurs Anstruther, and rides as hastily as his tired though wiry little horse will take him.

"Derelicts!" gasped John. "Derelicts?"

"Yes; ocean derelicts—I was reading about them all afternoon. John, did you know that a computation made by the hydro-graphic office" (she coughed with pride) "shows that 1,628 derelicts were sighted upon the north Atlantic ocean within a period of seven years?"

John said nothing.

"Yes," she answered, "and inasmuch as the average term of survival for a derelict is one month, it is estimated that at least 19 must be constantly floating over the north Atlantic ocean."

John sighed.

"John," she said, "there are more derelicts sighted during September, October and November than during any other months of the year."

"Are there?" said John.

"Yes," she said; "and here's a funny thing—I mean a strange thing. Here's a strange thing, John: The plot charts show that most of the derelicts have been sighted in the gulf stream."

John got up and walked to the window.

"Why," she said, "one derelict is known to have floated three years and six days, and to have drifted over 10,000 miles."

He came back from the window and stood beside her.

"Prof. Waters tells about another ship that was cut in two as the result of a collision," she went on, avoiding his glance and trying to harden her voice, "but she did not sink. The stern went north, the bow went south—"

"Poor bow!" he said. "Went south, did he?"

She hesitated, paused, stopped, and in that moment the great light shone for her and the great voice spoke to her. For the first time she understood why men go down to sea in ships, why canals are built, why the cannon roars, why men go forth at the call of duty springing. She gave John the glance that his eyes had hungered for, and all at once John's face was shining like a sunburst.

ABOUT DERELICTS Her Serious Conversation

"Ah?" said he, pausing a moment at the portiere and looking in at her as she sat there waiting for him. "Ah, there?" said he.

And his eye had a certain roguishness, his manner a certain whimsicality, and the tone of his voice was such that you could have sipped your tea with it, but as he stood there—his ear bent forward to catch her usual playful answer and his eye all ready to feast upon her customary look of love—but as he stood there, I repeat, she preserved a silence and all the conventionalities, and the shadow of a nameless dread hovered over his imploring countenance.

"Good evening," she said. "Good evening?" he demanded, with a drooping jaw.

"Yes," she said. "Good evening," he repeated. "You say 'Good evening,' Edna?"—the flabbergasted man!

"Do you think it will rain?" she said.

"Rain?" he cried, and that nameless dread ceased to hover and settled down forthwith. "Rain? First you say, 'Good evening,' and then you ask me, 'Do you think it will rain?' and making a terrible gesture of despairing determination he strode toward her.

"Edna!" he said, "what is it that has come between us? You must tell me! Oh, what horrible, horrible mistake is this that—"

"John," she said, "hush!" "Ah!" he breathed to the night. "She calls me 'John!'"

And he sought to take her little hand as though it were all right now.

"Why, of course I call you 'John,'" she said, keeping her hands to herself. "John, stop! I want to have a serious talk with you."

"Serious?" said John, pausing in his endeavors and slowly sitting back with a worried, worried look between his ears.

"Yes, serious," she said. "Now, John, listen. Our conversation has been too frivolous lately—O, awfully frivolous! Light, you know, John, and nothing to it." (John made an eagerly dissenting motion with his elbows.)

"No, John, really, there has been nothing to it—and life is passing. John, we must talk of things more instructive; you must teach me, and I must teach you—if I can. There are so many things we could talk about, John, instead of those—those awfully frivolous things. There's the Panama canal—I was reading about it this morning. Why, John, it's just wonderful! And then there's Mars, and the fleet, and the currency—John, you must tell me all about the currency question—and there's the Philippines, and Tibet, and the shah, and earth quakes, and O, ever so many things! You'd be sensible from now on and not waste any time like we have done. Now, to-night, John, suppose we talk about derelicts."

"Derelicts?" gasped John. "Derelicts?"

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PRACTICAL QUESTIONS FOR HORSE AND CATTLE OWNERS

CHRONIC INDIGESTION Question.—Please let me know how you would treat a horse with chronic indigestion?—G. J. G. Tenn.

Reply.—Feed good hay in moderation, sound oats and a little dry bran. Mix with the feed two to three times daily Pratts Animal Regulator. This article not only stimulates the digestive organs, but also acts as a general tonic.

BOOK ON HORSES Question.—I would like you to recommend some good, inexpensive book on horses.—H. G. Mass.

Reply.—There's a recent book just issued entitled, "Pratts New Horse Book." The regular price is 25 cents, but if you will mention this paper and send to Pratt Food Company, Dept. R, Philadelphia, you will receive a copy without charge.

SKIN DISEASE Question.—What can I do for a horse with a place on his side that has little blisters on it?—T. W. Mass.

Reply.—Use Pratts Healing Ointment by rubbing a little on the part once or twice a day until it heals. This ointment is excellent for all sores and galls.

POOR QUALITY CREAM Question.—I have a cow that gives eight quarts rich cream when she comes in fresh, but after she has been milked for about five months, she gives a much smaller amount and poorer quality and the cream that arises is poor and will not churn butter. What can be done for her?—G. C. W., Ill.

Reply.—It is natural for some cows to give milk as above described, and in such cases we recommend a good tonic such as Pratts Animal Regulator. Mix it with the feed twice daily.

WORMS Question.—Can you give me a good remedy for worms in horses?—J. C. W., Del.

Reply.—We know nothing better than Pratts Specially Prepared Worm Powder. This is an inexpensive preparation and very effective.

LAME HORSES Question.—Please advise a good remedy to cure a lame horse.—G. F. L. Ark.

Reply.—Select some good liniment (Pratts is excellent for this) and with proper care any ordinary lameness will disappear.

RUN DOWN HORSE Question.—My horse is in bad shape; he seems all out of condition, and is off his feed. What can I do?—T. L. Minn.

Reply.—The worst run down horses can be quickly restored to health and their appetites sharpened by simply mixing with their feed a small quantity of Pratts Animal Regulator twice daily.

CONSCIENCE HAD SLEPT LONG.

Purloiner of Cake of Soap Makes Restitution After Twenty Years.

Imagine a conscience that would span 20 years and drive a man to remember a theft of a cake of soap. That there is such a conscience, however, is proved by the receipt a few weeks ago of two cakes of soap by a storekeeper in a little town in Minnesota. Twenty years ago this man, Edward Hamilton, had a small store in St. Paul. In front of his establishment he had a showcase in which he displayed several large cakes of soap of special make. One morning he found the glass broken open and one of the cakes of soap missing. The theft was so small that the matter was never reported, and Hamilton had forgotten it, till he received a letter from the thief, which read:

"Dear Sir: I send you two cakes of soap in payment for one I took from your showcase in St. Paul many years ago. I recently saw your advertisement in a country paper and learned of the change of your place of business. I regret deeply having taken the soap, and trust that this which I send will satisfactorily take its place."—Sunday Magazine.

How Her Life Was Saved When Bitten by a Large Snake.

How few people there are who are not afraid of snakes. Not long ago a harmless little garter snake fell on the wheel of an automobile which was being driven by a woman. The woman promptly fainted and the car, left to its own resources, ran into a stone wall and caused a serious accident.

The bite of a poisonous snake needs prompt attention. Mrs. K. M. Fisher, Route No. 1, Box 40, Dillsburg, Pa., tells how she saved her life when bitten by a large snake.

"On August 29, 1906, I was bitten on the hand twice by a large copperhead snake. Being a distance from any medical aid, as a last resort I used Sloan's Liniment, and to my astonishment found it killed all pain and was the means of saving my life. I am the mother of four children and am never without your Liniment."

WELL.

Huh! Your mother takes in washing. "You didn't suppose she'd leave it hanging out forever did you?"

Nor Fire Nor Water. Secretary A. M. Downes of New York's department of fire, related at a dinner a fire story.

"At the end of the first act of a drama," he said, "a man leaped hurriedly to his feet. 'I heard an alarm of fire,' he said. 'I must go and see where it is.' 'His wife, whose hearing was less acute, made way for him in silence, and he disappeared. 'It wasn't fire,' he said, on his return. 'Nor water, either,' said his wife, coldly. 'The Indian appropriation bill puts an end to the relations of the five tribes, I notice,' remarked Reeder, looking up from his paper. 'Humph!' growled Grump, whose wife's cousin is making a protracted visit at his home. 'I wish we were Indians.'—Kansas City Times.

AN INTERESTING CHEMICAL EXPERIMENT

Any Child Can Do It—The Result is Almost Like Magic—Useful, Too.

Anything in the nature of a chemical experiment is always interesting and usually educative. Here is a simple experiment which any child can perform and which is instructive in a very practical way: Get a bit of White Lead about the size of a pea, a piece of charcoal, a common candle in a candlestick, and a blow-pipe. Scoop out a little hollow in the charcoal, hold the White Lead in the charcoal, the candle, take the charcoal and lead in one hand and the blow-pipe in the other, with the large end of the blow-pipe bet seen the lips; blow the flame of the candle steadily against the bit of White Lead on the charcoal and it will presently resolve itself into little shining globules of metallic lead, under the intense heat of the blow-pipe, leaving no residue.

If, however, the White Lead is adulterated in the slightest degree, it will not wholly change into lead. So, it will be seen, that this experiment is not only an entertaining chemical demonstration, but also of practical use in the home. White Lead is the most important ingredient of paint. It should be bought pure and unadulterated and mixed with pure linseed oil. That is the best paint. The above easy experiment enables anyone to know whether the paint is the kind which will wear or not.

The National Lead Company guarantee that white lead taken from a package bearing their "Dutch Boy Painter" trade-mark will prove absolutely pure under the blow-pipe test; and to encourage people to make the test and prove the purity of paint before using it, they will send free of charge a blow-pipe and a valuable booklet on paint to anyone writing them asking for Test Equipment. Address National Lead Company, Woodbridge Building, New York City.

A Mind Reader. Pat had got hurt—not much more than a scratch, it is true, but his employer had visions of being compelled to keep him for life, and had adopted the wise course of sending him at once to the hospital. After the house surgeon had examined him carefully, he said to the nurse:

"As subcutaneous abrasion is not observable, I do not think there is any reason to apprehend tegumental cicatrization of the wound."

Then, turning to the patient, he asked, quizzically: "What do you think, Pat?"

"Sure, sir," said Pat, "you're a wonderful thought-reader, doctor. You took the very words out of my mouth. That's just what I was going to say!"

Printer—Where shall I put the announcement of Alderman Dodger's retirement? Editor—Under "Public Improvements."

Woman's Rule. It is becoming more and more evident that women mean to have and will sooner or later, gain the suffrage, which all thoughtful persons of both sexes are coming to see is only a reasonable claim, but one could wish that men would accede to it in a more generous spirit, and that woman would plead for it in womanly fashion, and without treating man as if he were the sole possessor of all the vices.—Lady's Pictorial.

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE. A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all Druggists, 25c. Accept no substitute. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Seek the Bright Things in Life. Look out for the bright, for the right side of things, and keep the eye constantly turned toward it; you'll then shed happiness along your way like the summer sun.—Julius Lantham.

One of the Essentials of the happy homes of to-day is a vast fund of information as to the best methods of promoting health and happiness and right living and knowledge of the world's best products.

Products of actual excellence and reasonable claims truthfully presented and which have attained to world-wide acceptance through the approval of the well-informed of the World; not of individuals only, but of the many who have the happy faculty of selecting and obtaining the best of the world's affairs.

One of the products of that class, of known component parts, an Ethical remedy, approved by physicians and commended by the Well-Informed of the World as a valuable and wholesome family laxative is the well-known Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and for sale by all leading druggists.

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The Evolution of Household Remedies.

The modern patent medicine business is the natural outgrowth of the old-time household remedies. In the early history of this country, EVERY FAMILY HAD ITS HOME-MADE MEDICINES. Herb teas, bitters, laxatives and tonics, were to be found in almost every house, compounded by the housewife, sometimes assisted by the apothecary or the family doctor. Such remedies as pears, which was also and quassa, dissolved in apple brandy. Sometimes a hop tonic, made of whiskey, hops and bitter bark. A score or more of popular, home-made remedies were thus compounded, the formulae for which were passed along from house to house, sometimes written, sometimes verbally communicated.

The patent medicine business is a natural outgrowth from this whole-home, old-time custom. In the beginning, some enterprising doctor, impressed by the usefulness of one of these home-made remedies, would take it up, improve it in many ways, manufacture it on a large scale, advertise it mainly through almanacs for the home, and thus it would become used over a large area. LATTERLY THE HOUSEHOLD REMEDY BUSINESS TOOK A MORE EXACT AND SCIENTIFIC FORM.

Peruna was originally one of these old-time remedies. It was used by the Monks of Pennsylvania, before it was offered to the public for sale. Dr. Hartman, THE ORIGINAL COMPOUNDER OF PERUNA, is of Monks' origin. First, he prescribed it for his neighbors and his patients. The sale of it increased, and at last he established a manufactory and furnished it to the general drug trade. Peruna is useful in a great many climatic ailments, such as coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, and catarrhal diseases generally. THOUSANDS OF FAMILIES HAVE LEARNED THE USE OF PERUNA and its value in the treatment of these ailments. They have learned to trust and believe in Dr. Hartman's judgment, and to rely on his remedy, Peruna.



Economy

In decorating the walls of your home, can be most surely effected by using

Alabastine

The soft, velvety Alabastine tints produce the most artistic effects, and make the home lighter and brighter. Sold by Paint, Drug, Hardware and General Stores in carefully sealed and properly labeled packages, at 50c the package for white and 60c the package for tints. See that the name "Alabastine" is on each package before it is opened either by yourself or the workman. The Alabastine Company, Grand Rapids, Mich. Eastern Office, 105 Water Street, New York City.

160 Acre FARMS in Western Canada FREE

Some of the choicest lands for grain growing, stock raising and mixed farming in the new districts of Saskatchewan and Alberta have recently been opened for settlement under the

Revised Homestead Regulations

Entry may now be made by proxy (on certain conditions), by the father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of an intending homesteader. Thousands of homesteads of 160 acres each are thus now easily available in these great grain-growing, stock-raising and mixed farming sections. There you will find healthful climate, good neighbors, churches for family worship, schools for your children, good laws, splendid crops, and railroads convenient to market. Entry fee in each case is \$10.00. For pamphlet, "Last Best West," particulars as to rates, routes, best time to go and where to locate, apply to

H. V. McNEES, 6 Avenue Theatre Block, Detroit, Michigan; or C. A. LAURIE, South St. Marie, Mich.

MADE FOR SERVICE

IN THE ROUGHEST WEATHER AND GUARANTEED ABSOLUTELY WATERPROOF

POMMEL SLICKERS

\$3.50

This trade mark and the word "TOWER" on the buttons distinguish this high grade slicker from the just as good brands.

A DOUBLE MIX-UP

By Bailey Millard

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

A bright uprush of clean, white pigeon wings followed on the instant the bang of the barnyard gate. "What do I think of women ranch bosses?" was the wrathful flash of Zeke Stubbs, addressed to the surly-ryking birds. "I think they ought to keep to the kitchen an' not go to noopin' aroun' tellin' growed-up men how to take the shoes off'n horses. An' she a 19-year-old gal! Did she larn about horses' feet at that Salt Lake seminary? I'd like to know! If her maw and paw only was alive!"

"Oh, don't take on, Zeke," said Uri Wiggin, coming around a corner of the barn. "May Windom got a few extra frills at the seminary, but she ain't spoiled, not by a jug-full. An' she knows all about horses."

Uri was the hired man on the Windom ranch and Zeke was his helper. "An' she ain't so dreadful stuck-up as you think," added Uri. "If she was she wouldn't be a-goin' out with the sheep."

"Goin' out with the sheep! Great snakes! Of all the ram-butted ideas! An' all alone among them men? Guess you can count me out this time. I don't want no woman boss on the range. The idee! A woman sheep-herder!"

"She ain't a-goin' alone," said Uri. "How then?"

"Wal, you know Sandy Baffin's Gertie, that m...ed Russ Bricker? She's a-goin' along, too. May's got Russ to look out for things for her, an' Gertie's a-goin' to do the cookin'. An' I'm a-goin' an' so are you—you can't get out of it."

"What does Russ Bricker know about sheep?" asked Zeke contemptuously. "Been a freightin' all his life."

"Oh, Russ won't have much ter say. Miss Windom's goin' to run the hull shootin' match herself."

"Great guns! They'll get sick 'nough of women bosses!" snorted Zeke. "When does this here fool expedition start out?"

"Week from nex' Thursday. Snow'll be pooty well off'n the range by that time. We'll hit Sky-Medder about the fifth day out, if we have good luck. Trouble is the's so danged many outfit fits that'll be headed that way, an' they may git in ahead. We don't dast start any sooner for that's the earliest anybody ever goes; but we'll be in luck if some range sneaks don't git in ahead of us."

Precisely this it was that worried Miss May Windom. Russ had told her that it would be a race for the Sky-Meadow country—the best range in the Wasatch mountains—and she was intensely eager to get in first with her band. She had been out on the range several times before her father died—once as long as a month. This time she wanted to stay the whole season. The seminary, with its stilted diction and its stiff rule of things generally, had liked her. She had gone there because it was her dead father's wish. Even now that it was all behind her, the seminary seemed to be clinging to her skirts. She wanted to get away to the mountains. She loved the wild life and she loved the sheep. Above all things she was eager to get to the range abed of Lew Madden, who drove a large herd of his own shearing up that way every spring as soon as the season opened. Lew was objectionable to her in no other way than that he had tried to make himself particularly agreeable to her, with the result that she had sent him hardly have told why she had done this, for Lew was big and strong and looked finer in his saddle than any other man in Juab county. Probably she had refused him because he had taken her for granted. Being taken for granted was very odious to her.

UTENSILS FOR THE KITCHEN.

New Contrivances That Simplify Work Cook Has to Do.

Among the new contrivances for the kitchen is a knife for paring potatoes and cutting them into sliced strips. Compared with the complicated utensil that has been constructed for this purpose the knife seems wonderfully simple. It slices and flutes with one stroke, the action being the same as when using an ordinary straight-bladed knife.

The grooves in the blade of this fluter make the ornamental lines in the slices, giving a dainty appearance to the potato.

Grape fruit has become popular since doctors began to recommend it as one of the articles of diet conducive to longevity. It is a difficult task to remove the seeds from a grape fruit without spoiling the appearance of the fruit. A new knife especially designed for this purpose is being shown. It has a long, curved, thin blade. This blade is inserted into the heart of the grape fruit, and with a skillful twist the superfluous part can be removed without damaging the contour of the fruit.

Several new styles of funnels are provided with strainers. One shows the funnel with strainer attached and also some that can be used apart. One of the best of the latter style is a strainer that fits into the outlet of the funnel. It is a bulb-shaped contrivance about the size of a five-cent piece, and it fits snugly into the bottom of the funnel. It can be left there or taken out if desired.

A bit more elaborate is the strainer attached to the funnel, and it has the advantage over the other of being always in place. The strainer can be lifted back when not needed. When straining is desirable it is dropped over the top of the funnel and held there by a catch.

STIFFEN LOWER PART ONLY. Mistake to Iron Bodice Part of Any Under Garment.

The lower part only of a petticoat is stiffened, as the softer the bodice part of an undergarment the more comfortable it is to the wearer. But two-thirds of the skirt should be stiffened.

The degree of starch used depends on the quality of the material, but as these skirts are frequently made of fairly strong muslin they require less stiffening than thin material. They may be stiffened in equal parts of starch and water, or at least two of starch to one-third of water, unless they are desired very stiff, when they must be dipped in full starch. They should then be dried and damped and they are ready for ironing.

To iron a petticoat, being with the tapes, straps and then the bodice. The skirt may then be ironed on a board, arranging it to begin with, by the back seam; then double the strip into two, or fold in three according to the length of the skirt.

Flour Pudding. This desert is known in Maryland and the Virginias as a "four pudding," but in reality is a boiled apple dumpling.

Sift sufficient flour to make the quantity of dumplings you wish and mix in a little salt. Pour into this boiling water direct from the kettle, sufficient to make a soft dough. Mix quickly before it has time to get chilled, roll out on the bread board in sheets about three-quarters of an inch thick and spread over it the apples pared and quartered. Sprinkle over this a little sugar, roll up quickly, just as you would a jelly roll, tie in a cloth wrung from cold water, and plunge quickly into a pot of boiling water. Boil for an hour and a quarter. Serve with milk and cream, half and half, sweetened, and flavored with grated nutmeg, or any other sauce preferred.

This is also delicious made from peaches, and in the winter time we make it of preserved fruits, plums and peaches being particularly palatable.

Best Waffles. Use two eggs, one tablespoon sugar, one tablespoon melted butter, one-fourth teaspoon salt, two heaping cups flour, one cup sweet milk, one cup sour milk or cream, one-half teaspoon baking soda. Yolks and whites of eggs are separated, with salt added to whites, sugar to yolks. Yolks beaten until creamy and lemon colored and added to sweet milk mixed with one cup of flour. Then add melted butter. Mix in the other cup of flour. Dissolve soda in sour milk and add to mixture. Whites of eggs beaten stiff and dry are then added.

In Lattice Work. An attractive waist is made entirely of strips of material either woven into a lattice work and fastened at the intersections with medallions of lace or else laid diagonally across the front, alternating with bands of lace or embroidery. The pattern of the waist is first cut in brown paper and on this the material and lace are basted.

Way to Clean Carved Wood. Use a soft sponge; take warm soft water, make it soapy with castile or ivory soap; wash the furniture and dry with a soft cloth. The sponge will go into all the cracks and corners and will remove every particle of dust better than a cloth.

Boil Glove with Silk. Boil a black kid glove in water for about five minutes. Rub silk thoroughly with a cloth moistened in this water and press. The silk will look like new.

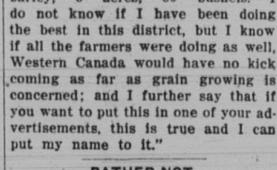
SIX AN ACRE REALIZED ON CROP IN WESTERN CANADA.

ANOTHER FARMER REALIZES \$22.50 PER ACRE FROM HIS WHEAT CROP LAST YEAR.

Charles McCormick of Kenville, Manitoba, writes: "During the season of 1907, I had 100 acres in crop on the S. W. quarter of section 18, township 35, range 27 west of the Principal Meridian, Western Canada, yielded as follows: "80 acres at 22 bushels per acre, which I sold for 90 cents per bushel; and 20 acres oats yielding 60 bushels per acre I sold for 35 cents per bushel so that my total crop realized \$2,004.00. From this I deducted for expenses of threshing, hired help, etc., \$400.00, leaving me a net profit on this year's crop of over \$1,600."

Thomas Sawatzky of Herbert, Saskatchewan, says: "The value of my crop per acre of wheat is \$22.50. I threshed 1,750 bushels of wheat from 70 acres, and was offered 90 cents a bushel for it: Oats, 15 acres, 500 bushels; and barley, 5 acres, 80 bushels. I do not know if I have been doing the best in this district, but I know if all the farmers were doing as well, Western Canada would have no kick coming as far as grain growing is concerned; and I further say that if you want to put this in one of your advertisements, this is true and I can put my name to it."

RATHER NOT. Teacher—Johnny, can you decline to eat? Johnny—Yes'm, I can; but I don't like to.



After Other Treatment Failed—Raw Eczema on Baby's Face Had Lasted Three Months—At Last Doctor Found Cure.

"Our baby boy broke out with eczema on his face when one month old. One place on the side of his face the size of a nickel was raw like beefsteak for three months, and he would cry out when I bathed the parts that were sore and broken out. I gave him three months' treatment from a good doctor, but at the end of that time the child was no better. Then my doctor recommended Cuticura. After using a cake of Cuticura Soap, a third of a box of Cuticura Ointment, and half a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent he was well and his face was as smooth as any baby's. He is now two years and a half old and no eczema has reappeared. Mrs. M. L. Harris, Alton, Kan., May 14 and June 12, 1907."

Classification. "That man is a great friend of yours," said the campaign assistant. "Which kind of a friend?" queried Senator Sorghum, "one who wants to do something for me or one who wants me to do something for him?"—Washington Star.

A Word from Josh Wise. "Men sneer at women's shoppin', but when women shop they don't have ter eat cloves ter disguise what they've been buyin'."

His Reservation. "Live and let live." is a good motto, but many a man who adopts it wants to reserve the right to live better than the other fellow.

Tactless. "One of those fellows that is always doing the wrong thing, eh?" "Is he? Why, say, that fellow would put a frieze around a hothouse."

Our Hair Food absolutely restores gray hair to its natural (original) color, whether brown, blond, red or black, from the same bottle, without dyeing it. We want to hear from the sceptical. Dwight D. Sprague & Co., Chicago.

Cultivate the habit of always seeing the best in people, and more than that of drawing forth whatever is the best in them.—Theodore Cuyler.

Pettit's Eye Salve First Sold in 1807's 100 years ago, sales increase yearly, wonderful remedy: cured millions weak eyes. All druggists; or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

It isn't easy to fool the man who knows himself. There is need for Garfield Tea when the skin is sallow, the tongue coated, and when headaches are frequent.

Time is precious, but truth is more precious than time.—Beaconsfield.

There is Only One "Bromo Quinine"

That is Laxative Bromo Quinine

USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLIC IN ONE DAY.

Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c.

NEURALGIA

The real meaning of the word Neuralgia is nerve-pain, and any one who has suffered with the malady will not be so anxious to know of its nature as to bear of its antidote. Though scarcely recognized by the profession and people half a century ago, it is now one of the most common and painful ailments which afflict humanity. As now generally understood the word signifies an affection of the nervous system, with pain in the course of the principal nerves.

The two great causes of Neuralgia are, impoverishment of the Blood and Deficiency of Nerve Force; and the treatment of it is not so obscure as many would be led to suppose. The first thing is to relieve the pain, which is done more quickly and satisfactorily by ST. JACOBS OIL than by any other remedy known; the second object is to remove the cause, which is accomplished by the abundant use of nourishing food, of a nature to strengthen and give tone to both the muscular and nervous systems.

The shortest and the surest way to prove a work possible is strenuously to set about it; and no wonder if that proves it possible, that for the most part makes it so.—South.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. See a bottle.

Of course you never took advantage of any one.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
RHEUMATISM, BRUISES, DIABETES, BACKACHE

1875 "Guardian"

I Am REYNOLDS, the Roofing Man

I have been in the roofing business for 40 years and they call me the "Pioneer." I have been in no other business.

I know the roofing business; have made a scientific, practical study of it. I am at the head of my company, of which I am proud. I have also made a success of my business. The result has been our two brands—Torpido and Wolverine. The "red granite kind," which are the very best brands of roofing on the market today at any price.

This roofing will last longer, is cheaper to lay and cheaper in the long run than any other you can buy. If we could make a better roofing, we would, but we can't. You will make no mistake in using it.

It only costs about half what shingles would cost-laid on the roof. We will give you an absolute guarantee that our roofing will last you five years. We know it will last for 12 or 15 years, but five years' guarantee is enough to make and we say five years simply to show faith in our own roofing.

It cost us \$10,000.00 to find out that our kind of roofing was better than the other man's. The difference is this: Our roofing is made of crushed, irregular-shaped granite particles put on two heavy sheets of asphalt felt cemented together. These particles of quartz granite have sharp points and sharp edges and this roofing is put up in one square roll, all ready to lay and securely packed inside of the roll are the trimmings consisting of galvanized iron nails and cement in a can with directions how to lay the roll.

Give us all the information you can about the roof, and we will tell you something that will interest you. WRITE US TODAY.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

\$3.00 SHOES AT ALL PRICES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY. MEN, BOYS, WOMEN, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world, because they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other shoes in the world for the day.

W. L. Douglas \$4 and \$5 Gilt Edge Shoes Cannot Be Equalled At Any Price

CAUTION. W. L. Douglas name and price is stamped on bottom. Take No Substitute. Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. Shoes mailed from factory at any part of the world. Illustrated Catalog free on request.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Money Making Possibilities

For the farmer, truck gardener, stockman and merchant were never better than they are today in the Dakotas and Montana along the new line to the Pacific Coast.

Mild climate; ample rainfall; productive soil; good crops; convenient markets; cheap fuel.

More stores, hotels and other industries are needed in the growing new towns on the new line of the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway

Trains are now operated on this new line to Lombard, Montana—92 miles east of Butte—with connections for Moore, Lewistown and other points in the Judith Basin. Daily service between St. Paul and Minneapolis and Miles City; daily except Sunday service beyond.

Send for free descriptive books and maps regarding this new country—they will interest you.

F. A. MILLER, General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Restores and beautifies the hair, promotes a luxuriant growth. Sells everywhere. Sample free. Address: "ANAKESIS," Tribune Bldg., New York.

DEFIANCE Gold Water Starch

makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

Thompson's Eye Water

W. N. U. DETROIT, NO. 14, 1908.

H. M. REYNOLDS, the Roofing Man

H. M. REYNOLDS ROOFING CO., Dept. A, Grand Rapids, Mich.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

IRRIGATED LANDS

WRITE US FOR BOOKLET CONCERNING IRRIGATED LANDS IN THE GREAT TWIN FALLS AND JEROME COUNTRY, IDAHO.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MORRIS DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

PISO'S CURE Paroxysms of Coughing... 25 CENTS... COUGHS AND COLDS

DR. J. T. WOODS, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office in the Staffan-Merkel block...

S. G. BUSH, R. F. CHASE, BUSH & CHASE, PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

H. W. SCHMIDT, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office hours 10 to 12 forenoon; 2 to 4 afternoon...

A. G. WALL, DENTIST. Office over the Freeman & Cummings Co. drug store, Chelsea, Mich.

A. L. STEGER, DENTIST. Office—Kempf Bank Block, CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

JAMES S. GORMAN, LAW OFFICE. Eat Middle street, Chelsea, Mich.

TURNBULL & WITHERELL, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. B. B. Turnbull, H. D. Witherell.

STIVERS & KALMBACH ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. General Law practice in all courts...

PARKER & BECKWITH, Real Estate Dealers. Money to Loan. Life and Fire Insurance...

F. STAFFAN & SON, Funeral Directors and Embalmers. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

S. A. MAPES, FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER. PINE FUNERAL FURNISHINGS.

OLIVE LODGE, NO. 156, F. & A. M. Regular meetings for 1908 are as follows...

Detroit, Jackson & Chicago Ry. Time Card taking effect June 18, 1907. Limited cars to Detroit—7:40 a. m.

TRAVELERS RAILWAY GUIDE 315 Dearborn St., Chicago.

Detroit Headquarters FOR MICHIGAN PEOPLE GRISWOLD HOUSE

Township Report. To the Electors of the Township of Sylvan: We herewith submit statement of receipts and disbursements...

Continuation of Township Report table with columns for receipts and disbursements.

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Registration Notice. To the Electors of the Township of Sylvan, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan:

BREVITIES Some unregenerate cuss at Howell is stealing parcels of goods from wagons and buggies on the streets.

Charles Burkhardt, for many years in business in Saline, has retired and his sons have taken charge of the store and farm.

The Dexter Leader is endeavoring to work up a sentiment for a "Home Coming Day," in that village of the coming summer...

Ed. Alexander's fine farm home in Webster was totally destroyed by fire Friday afternoon...

Thursday's strong wind blew a straw stack at Ira Wood's farm over onto a flock of about forty fat lambs...

Elmer Kirkby, chairman of the Democratic county committee, Jackson, has received word that William Bryan would arrive at Jackson at 10 o'clock Thursday...

While cleaning carpets in their farmhouse near Hartland, Mrs. Peter North aged about 30 years, and Miss Carrie Ellis, aged 16, were struck by lightning...

A Leoni man has complained to the prosecuting attorney that he wants to plant a crop of beans in a field next to his neighbor's woodlot...

Just as those dark storm clouds were passing over the city yesterday Patrolman Parker heard something strike the ground beside him...

While at work in his blacksmith shop Monday, Theodore Morsch-hencher was struck in the eye by a punch and that member injured so that he will lose the sight...

Mrs. Harvey Lewis died Thursday while attending her mother's funeral at a church six miles north of Stockbridge.

The railroad company has a machine for pulling up the old piles that were used in former bridges.

C. W. Jewett, who has been running the Freeman house moved out Monday, his interests in the house having passed to A. F. Freeman...

Johann Christoph Friedrich von Schiller, the German poet, dramatist and historian, is to have a monument in Ann Arbor.

Harvey Lewis brought to this office one day last week a relic which is worthy of mention.

It has set the whole world's thinking Upon it all doctors, as one agree; The tonic all your friends are taking is...

Election Notice. To the Qualified Electors of the Township of Sylvan, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan:

Submission of direct nomination of candidates of the Republican party for State Senator in 12th Senatorial District.

Why It Succeeds. Because It's for One Thing Only, and Michigan People Appreciate This.

Nothing can be good for everything. Doing one thing well brings success. Doan's Kidney Pills do one thing only...

Confidence when eating, that your food is of highest wholesomeness—that it has nothing in it that can injure or distress you...

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure The only baking powder made with Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

There can be no comforting confidence when eating alum baking powder food. Chemists say that more or less of the alum powder in unchanged alum or alum salts remains in the food.

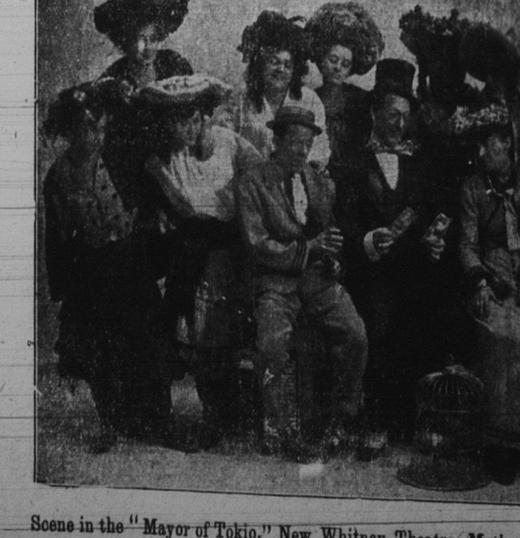
LIMA CENTER. The ladies will serve dinner in the church parlors at noon tomorrow meeting day.

His Close Call. Bobby had been visiting a playmate across the city, and on his way home was caught in a sudden electrical storm.

WANT COLUMN RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND LOST WANTED ETC.

TRY THE CITY MARKET FOR CHOICE FRESH MEATS Salted and Smoked Meats of all kinds.

Dressed Poultry. Your patronage solicited. J. G. ADRIAN. Free delivery. Phone 61.



Scene in the "Mayor of Tokio," New Whitney Theatre, Matinee and Night, Saturday, April 4.

in the conduct of all trusts—whether as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Trustee, or Receiver,

the Union Trust Company of Detroit gives that prompt and efficient attention which produces the best and most satisfactory results, at a minimum of cost.

SPRING TERM from April 6th merges into our Summer Term from July 6th. Enter now and be ready for a good situation in the early autumn.

ATHENÆUM JACKSON, MICH. Monday, April 6, Edmund Collier IN WE ARE KING Prices, 25c to \$1.00.

Thursday, April 9. THE LITTLE PROSPECTOR Prices, 15, 25, 35, 50.

Saturday, April 11. MATINEE AND NIGHT. QUINCY ADAMS SAWYER PRICES: Matinee, 25 and 50. Night, 25, 50, 75, \$1.00.

TRY THE CITY MARKET FOR CHOICE FRESH MEATS. Salted and Smoked Meats of all kinds. Also Sausage and Lard.

Dressed Poultry. Your patronage solicited. J. G. ADRIAN. Free delivery. Phone 61.

Probate Order. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. At a session of the Probate Court for said County...

Various small advertisements and notices on the right margin.